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OAU Tells Chad to Set Cease-Fire by June 30

By Pranay B. Gupte New York Times Service

NAIROBI - The Organization of African Unity said Thursday that it would withdraw its peacekeeping forces from Chad by June 30 unless President Goukouni Oneddei arranged a cease-fire and started negotiating with rebels who are trying to overthrow his govern-

In a resolution approved unani-mously by leaders from 11 African states who assembled here for a special summit conference, Mr. Goukouni was also told that he must organize legislative and presi-dential elections by June 30 and fashion a new constitution for his country of 4.5 million overwhelmingly poor people, which has been riven by civil war almost since its independence from France 22

years ago.

The Chadian president stormed out of the summit session early Thursday morning and was quoted by participants as shouting, "I am

Later in the morning, after the OAU had amounced its decision, a presidential spokesman, Ramati al-Khaly, said the Chadian government rejected the OAU resolution.

We took no part in the confer-"We took no part in the conference and we are not bound by its resolutions," he said. "We contest the legality of this OAU commit-

The African leaders urged in their resolution that all member states of the OAU contribute money to the peacekeeping force in Chad, and they reaffirmed the "neutral character" of the force.

Apart from the elections of June 30, the resolution also called on the Chadian government to insti-tute a cease-fire by Feb. 28, to commence negotiations with the rebels by March 15 and to prepare a new constitution by April 30. The resolution also said that the mandate of the peacekeeping force would end by June 30 and the

By Hedrick Smith

New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — President

Reagan has scoffed at criticism of

his new budget package as "knee-jerk" partisan politics, but his Re-

publican allies in Congress are so dismayed by the budget ontlook

that they are already talking of seeking a bipartisan compromise

that would modify the Reagan

program without repudiating it.

For the moment, partisan vol-leys are dominating the headlines.

As if in preview of next fall's con-gressional elections, House Speak-

er Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., Demo-

crat of Massachusetts, has accused Mr. Reagan of presenting "a Bev-erly Hills budget" and Robert C. Bytd, the Senate Democratic lead-

er, has urged the president to with-

draw it. The president, in a fight-ing mood as he traveled through

the Middle West, called on the

Democrats to "put up or shut up," and the White House quickly

spurned a Democratic alternative.

But behind the partisan rhetoric

then. A subsequent "press commu-niqué" issued by the OAU secre-tariat said that "the continued presence of the OAU peacekeeping force in Chad will be contingent" on the Goukouni government ac-cepting the conditions laid down in Thursday's resolution.

The OAU decision came at the end of a two-day special summit meeting that had been called by President Daniel Arap Mot of Kenya, the 50-state organization's current chairman, to review the situation in Chad, where 3,000 troops from Nigeria, Senegal and Zaire have been stationed under an OAU mandate since last Decem-OAU mandate since last December. These troops moved in after the withdrawal of Libyan soldiers whom President Goukouni had in-vited to assist his forces in fighting guerrillas led by former Defense

Although the OAU's resolution was approved unanimously by the organization's Standing Commit-tee on Chad, some of the partici-pants expressed concern over the decision. Foreign Minister Peter Nze of the Congo told Radio France International Thursday night that "anarchy could result" in Chad if the OAU peacekeeping force withdrew.

dinister Hissène Habré.

Earlier, at the all-night OAU session — where the participants included heads of state from Nigeria, Zaire, Guinea, the Central African Republic and Zambia — President Goukonni was involved in acrimonious exchanges with other African leaders.

According to delegates who were present in the auditorium at the Kenyatta Conference Center, Mr. Goulcouni interrupted Presi-dent Shehu Shagari of Nigeria while Mr. Shagari was talking about the need for "national reconciliation" in Chad.

"We are here to talk about financing the peacekeeping force, nothing else," Mr. Goukouni

peril and the president's budget has so little chance of being ap-proved or of solving the nation's

economic problems that some more attractive and credible alter-native must be developed to rescue

It is rare for a presidential budget to run into such swift and broad

NEWS ANALYSIS

opposition as the Reagan budget

has in the brief time since it was formally submitted.

lyresident Reagan said Thirsday he ruled out any military spending cuts in the budget, United Press International reported. But he said he had seen hints from Capitol Hill that "even further cuts" could be made in other spending, "and I think the Congress should have the running room to be able to talk about those." He made the remarks after

those." He made the remarks after

neeting with Sen. Paul Laxait of

Nevada; the Senate Republican leader, Howard H. Baker Jr. of

President Reagan said Thurs-

Congress Already Talking of New Budget Plan

Members of Both Parties Find Deficit Under Reagan Proposal Unacceptable

shouted, referring to an earlier statement by Secretary-General Edem Kodjo of the OAU that the force would need an additional \$163 million in emergency dona-tions to keep it going in Chad dur-ing the next year.

Mr. Goukouni was shouted down by President Ahmed Sekou. Toure of Guinea, "You have no business interrupting other esteemed delegates, especially since you did not bother showing up on time," Mr. Sekou Toure said, referring to the Couling president. ferring to the Chadian president's late arrival in Nairobi.

At that point Mr. Goukouni Several hours later, the African leaders unanimously approved their resolution.

Tareat of Attack

KHARTOUM, Sudan (NYT)—
Mr. Habré said he will attack toward the capital, Ndjamena, if the OAU did not make progress toward a settlement, according to reports reaching here from eastern

The reports, quoted by Western diplomatic sources, said Mr. Habre was threatening to move within the next few weeks.

Mr. Habré's calculation, the sources said, was that time was against him because of growing food and fuel shortages in his eastern stronghold. The longer he waitthere, the more difficult it would be to get enough supplies to move across 400 kilometers (250 miles) of harsh, semi-desert terrain toward Ndjamena.

The timing of Mr. Habré's threat to make further advances, a Western diplomat said, suggests that he is trying to put pressure on the OAU to sponsor negotiations in Chad that would enable him to renew his bid for the presidency. The deep animosity between Mr. Habre and Mr. Goukouni seems to

In private meetings this week.

ranking Republicans have discounted the administration's es-

timates that the Reagan-proposed deficits will stay under \$100 billion

a year. They regard the estimated

efficiency savings and government earnings from oil leasing as unreal-istic and they see little chance for

passage of some of the requested

cuts in domestic programs and the proposed new tax revenue plans.

If Congress tries to follow the Reagan formula, said a Republi-can close to the leadership, many

Republicans assume it is more re-

alistic to expect the deficit to ex-ceed \$100 billion this year, reach \$120 billion in 1983 and go higher in 1984, and they say they believe those developments will block eco-

nomic recovery and keep interest

Testimony Wednesday by Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal

Reserve Board, renewing his criti-

cism of the large Reagan deficits and firmly maintaining his tight

monetary policy, served to sharpen congressional uneasiness.

So far, the Republican leader-hip has been reluctant to come



U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., in Morocco for talks with King Hassan II, kept a pace ahead of Premier Maati Bouabid as they reviewed troops Thursday at Marrakesh airport.

Haig Is in Morocco for Talks On U.S. Aid and Polisario

By John M. Goshko Washington Past Service
MARRAKESH, Morocco
Secretary of State Alexander M.
Haig Jr. flew here Thursday for

out publicly with a proposal chal-

lenging the president's program.

But by privately encouraging a

Democratic proposal by Sen. Ernest F. Hollings of South Carolina

and publicly calling it "intrigu-ing," Sen. Baker and other Repub-

ing," Sen. Baker and other Kepublicans were clearly signaling their interest in some bipartisan com-

crats to be out front at first," said

a Republican aide. "If the Repub-

licans came out with it first, it

could look like a repudiation of the

Democrats will flock to Hollings'

proposal. But it helps keep alive the idea of an alternative."

esident. We don't anticipate that

But other Republicans, like Sen.

Baker, are known to object that

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

"It's important for the Demo-

port against guerrillas in the for-mer Spanish Sahara. A senior U.S. official accompanying Mr. Haig denied that there was anything "dramatic or urgent" about the visit. He said Mr. Haig.

who attended a conference on the Helsinki accords in Madrid earlier this week, was taking advantage of his proximity to Morocco to make up a scheduled December trip that was canceled because of the Polish But the official also acknowl-

edged that the Reagan administration placed a high premium on cul-tivating close ties with King Hassan because he is an important moderate among Arab leaders. The United States officially is

neutral in King Hassan's war against Polisario Front guerrillas who are seeking control of the Western Sahara. However, in one of his first acts after taking office, President Rengan reversed restric-tions that had been imposed on U.S. military aid to Morocco and offered to sell King Hassan 108 M-60 tanks without conditions.

The senior official said that although final amounts have not been decided, the administration planned to ask Congress for a substantial increase in military assistance for Morocco, which currently is pegged at \$34 million in military sales credits for fiscal 1982.

the idea of an alternative."

Conservative Republicans like
Sen. William L. Armstrong of Colorado said the Hollings plan is appealing because it calls for an
across-the-board freeze on spending increases, including military
spending, thus emphasizing that
the budget crisis requires general
sacrifices. "It's a proposal that
goes to the heart of the problem."
Sen. Armstrong said.
But other Republicans, like Sen. In addition, the official continued, Morocco is among those countries to be included in a new administration attempt to con-vince Congress it should grant the aid on special concessional terms

a background of persistent Moroc-can appeals for increased U.S. sup-port against guerrillas in the forfiscal 1983 appropriations.

There have been recurrent ru-mors that the United States, in exchange for increasing its aid, wants to get King Hassan's permission to reopen one or more of the four air bases maintained by U.S. forces in this North African country until However, the senior official

said, Moroccan sensitivity about permit such a move. The official did acknowledge, though, that U.S. strategic planners have weighed the possibility of seeking landing rights at Moroccan bases in cases where a Mideast emergent cy might require use of the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force.

The Polisario guerrillas, who want to transform the disputed ternitory into an independent country that they call the Sahara Demo-cratic Arab Republic, last autumn scored some striking successes against King Hassan's forces, using Soviet weapons supplied by Li-

U.S. efforts to resolve the conflict center on a plan proposed by King Hassan calling for a cease-fire to be followed by a referen-dum to determine the future of the territory's estimated 100,000 in-

In addition to his importance to U.S. strategic planning, the admin-istration also looks to King Hassan as a potentially influential moderating force in helping to re-solve the Arab-Israeli conflict and in aiding Egypt to achieve a reconciliation with the rest of the Arab

Syrian Troops Surround City; Revolt Is Denied

By Mort Rosenblum The Associated Press

DAMASCUS — Fighting be-tween Sunni Moslem rebels and Syrian troops continued Thursday in the city of Hama, Western dip-lomatic and other foreign sources said. Syrian authorities confirmed that the city remained sealed off for the ninth day.

The government said Hama, 120 miles (192 kilometers) north of Damascus, was surrounded by about 8,000 troops, but it criticized U.S. reports of a revolt in the city as "pure lies."

Diplomatic and other accounts say that hundreds of people have died and that damage has been extensive in the city of 170,000, Syria's fourth largest.

A Westerner attempting to reach Hama was turned back by police who told him he could not continue because of fighting. He said he saw troops heading into the city and ambulances coming out.

Information Minister Ahmed Iskandar Ahmed said that troops in Hama were searching house-tohouse for weapons and "dissidents." Hama is a stronghold of the outlawed Moslem Brother-hood. The minister gave no details but said, "We have very firm ways of getting rid of criminals."

He added, "The situation in Syria is quiet, firm and strong." Asked by reporters if they could visit Hama, he replied, "Possibly when the last of the criminals are arrested." He would not say

how long that might be. U.S. Ambassador Robert Pa-ganelli was summoned Thursday Deputy Foreign Minister Nasir addour to hear a strong complaint about State Department re-

ports on the situation in Hama. Syrian authorities were angered a reference to the Hama troubles in a State Department brief-ing Wednesday in Washington. They called it an unacceptable in-terference in Syrian affairs.

Syrian officials apparently were reacting to radio reports that com-bined a brief State Department remark with information from other

The Moslem Brotherhood has been fighting to depose President Hafez al-Assad and replace his government with a Moslem fundamentalism resident

government with a Moslem funda-mentalist regime. Hama's people are predominantly Sunni Moslem. Although 65 percent of the Syr-ian people are Sunni Moslems and 11 percent are Alawites, the government and most of the economy are controlled by the Alawites. Mr.

Assad is an Alawite, The government has been under increasing domestic pressure for the past two years. There were reports of a coup attempt by air force officers in early January. Western intelligence experts said the government arrested 500 peo-ple and executed 30 to 50 officers.

Government troops put down an uprising in Hama in March, 1980, with an estimated 200 to 300 deaths. More disturbances were reported last April,

'Total Explosion' Reported NEW YORK (AP) — The office here of the Islamic Front in Syria, which is related to the Moslem

Brotherhood, distributed a statement dated Feb. 9 describing the situation in Syria as having crupted in "total explosion."

The Front said government forces bombed and rocketed Hama Feb. 2. It said residents led by guerrillas retaliated and seized control of all government posts, including army munitions warehouses and the military air-port. Arms were distributed, the statement said.

"More than 50 government officials and informants were executed," the statement said. It said that Regiment 47 of the Syrian Army, stationed in Hama, joined the reb-

U,S. Aides Say Jordan May Be Offered Missiles

By George C. Wilson

Washington Post Service

AMMAN — Defense Secretary
Caspar W. Weinberger may offer Jordan mobile anti-aircraft mis-siles and perhaps the F-16 fighter in hopes of persuading King Hussein to cancel an arms deal with Moscow, U.S. officials here

Mr. Weinberger told reporters traveling with him Wednesday night that he was leaning in this direction as part of a U.S. effort to broaden its base of support in the Middle East "He does have real needs in air

defense," Mr. Weinberger said of King Hussein. "He should have very good equipment that is flexi-ble and accurate."

[The king took Mr. Weinberger on a helicopter tour of military sites Thursday and then told re-porters he wanted to buy the mo-bile missiles but would not cancel the deal with Moscow. ["We certainly would like to have the Hawk missiles at some point in the future," King Hussein said after taking Mr. Weinberger to a missile site near a military airfield 60 miles northwest of Amman. The Hawk batteries were fixed there in open concrete ["This was an opportunity to visit one of the sites and see the

problem as it really is," he said. "As far as the purchase of the So-viet missiles is concerned, this has been concluded some while ago and I doubt it will change.") Speaking with reporters, Mr. Weinberger blamed a congressional ban on the mobile missile sale

for Amman's decision to turn to the Soviet Union. Pentagon officials have said they

wanted to sell Jordan Hawk missiles that could be trucked from place to place, but the same officials admitted that they would be hard-pressed to match the financial deal being offered King Hussein by the Soviet Union. \$200-Million Package

Jordan has agreed to buy 20 bat-teries of mobile missiles, each of which contains 16 surface-to-air

missiles, for \$200 million. The king has said that Iraq has agreed to pay for the equipment. The United States would have to charge three to four times as much for the same number of Hawk missiles, defense officials said.

Diplomats here said Iraq was willing to finance the deal in appreciation for the Jordanian support of Iraq in its war with Iran. Several U.S. defense officials

said Mr. Weinberger felt that the missile deal with the Soviet Union was not far enough along to pre-vent discussing a U.S. alternative, but others said it was almost certainly too late to stop the deal even if Washington would now offer to sell the Hawks.

Moreover, there is no guarantee that Mr. Weinberger could per-suade Congress to go along with a deal for the Hawk missiles even if the king agreed to buy them.

After Washington refused to

supply an air defense system to Jordan following the 1973 Middle East war, the Ford administration in 1975 agreed to sell Jordan the mobile Hawks.

But Congress, pressed by Israel, balked. Rather than see the whole deal fall through, Ford administra-tion officials notified Congress on Sept. 17, 1975, that Jordan would get only "defensive and nonmobile anti-aircraft weapons." The Jor-danian government termed the restriction "insulting."

Despite that history, Mr. Wein-

berger said Wednesday night that it may be that we will want to consider discussing this with the Congress," meaning the ban on

there is a growing feeling among some Republican and Democratic Tennessee; and the House Republican leader, Bob Michel of Ilileaders that the economy is in such Deng's Leading Role Reaffirmed by China

By Michael Parks Los Angeles Times Service

PEKING — The Chinese government sought Thursday to dampen the mounting speculation over the monthlong absence of Deng Xiaoping, the powerful deputy chairman of the Communist Party, with a formal declaration that Mr. Deng still holds the posts from which he dominates the political scene here.

even have been removed from power, a Foreign Ministry spokesman affirmed in a prepared statement that Mr. Deng is still deputy chairman of the party's policy-making Central Committee and chairman of the commission that controls the military.

The statement was meant to clarify the comment Saturday of Deputy Premier Wan Li, who said that Mr. Deng, although in excel-lent health, had "withdrawn to the second line" of leadership, turning over day-to-day administration to younger men and concentrating on

major policy decisions.
What Deputy Premier Wan Li said reflects the actual situation over recent years, and there is nothing new," the statement declared. It noted that the party had begun to move younger men into the top leadership in February, 1980, and that Mr. Deng and other elderly deputy premiers had yielded their posts in September, 1980, while retaining their party func-

But there was no official word on the whereabouts of Mr. Deng, who last appeared in public Jar 12 when he met with army political commissars. Mr. Wan said Mr. Deng had been resting in southern China for three weeks, and the Communist newspaper Wen Wei Pao, published in Hong Kong, said

The rumors about his health and his political position continue to Amid suggestions that Mr. his political position continue to Deng, 77, may be seriously ill or multiply, however, and the various statements, assurances and clarifi-cations of officials in the past week have only fed speculation.

Thursday that he had returned to

But the official assurances have failed to answer the proliferating questions of diplomats in Peking. The resulting uncertainty is begin-ning, in the opinion of some am-bassadors, to undermine China's: international position. "China's position in the world today rests very much on Deng Xiaoping and his policies, and if he is gone or simply going, what do we have?" a European ambassador remarked Thursday. "China's inability to reassure us is in itself worrying."

In a capital where every move of the leadership is closely analyzed there were other unexplained oddi-ties: In a long list of party leaders signing a message of condolence Thursday on the death of a veteran party member, the only names missing were those of Hua Guo-feng who was demoted from the party chairmanship last year, and Mr. Deng.

German Concern

NSIDE

The head of West Germany's central bank indicates apprehension that U.S. deficits present a "fateful dilemma" that could jeopardize world economic recovery. Page 7.

TOMORROW

Pollock in Paris

A quarter of a century after Jackson Pollock's death in an antomobile accident, the Pompidou Center in Paris has mounted a major exhibition of the American artist's work. A review in Weekend.

Bonn Is Enforcing Travel Limits on Soviet Diplomats

New York Times Service BONN — West Germany has begnn to enforce existing travel limi-tations involving Soviet diplomats here, informed sources said Thursday.

The measure was depicted as an

effort by the government to initiate re-prictions recommended by NAT(to protest the continuation of martial law in Poland. The sources said that other steps would iikely be approved by the Cabinet in a meeting Wednesday. Restrictions on the movements of Soviet diplomats have been in effect for years, but were largely



CLASH IN BRUSSELS - Mounted police charged during a clash Thursday in Brussels with 500 striking workers from the Cockerill-Sambre steel company after they tried to force their way into the EEC Commission building. They were

to demand immediate approval of the company's modernization program. The Belgian government has approved the program, which is designed to make the company viable by 1985.

French Banks Approve Soviet Pipeline Loan

PARIS - A group of French banks has announced an agreement to lend the Soviet Union another \$140 million to help finance purchases of French equipment for a proposed natural gas pipeline from Siberia into Western Europe.

As a result of the loan, announced Wednesday, the Soviet Union will be able to finance the entire hard-currency cost of the French-made equipment it plans to buy for the pipeline, roughly es-timated at \$1 billion. It thus saves itself from having to put up any of its own cash at a time when it is believed to be desperately short of

foreign exchange.

The French banks that agreed to the loan, which will cover 15 per-cent of the cost of the equipment, are the state-owned Crédit Lyonnais and two privately owned banks that are soon to be nationalized, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas and Banque de l'Union Eu-

However, the credit, which is on market terms and has no government guarantee, will be more ex-pensive for the Soviet Union than an earlier loan arranged by the same banks to cover the other 85 percent of the cost of the equipment. This loan, which is guaranteed by the government, carries a subsidized interest rate of 7.8 per-

In December, a consortium of West German banks, led by Deutsche Bank, refused a Soviet request for credit to cover the entire hard-currency costs pipeline equipment produced in West Germany. Instead, they decided to stick to their original offer of lend-

bankers were furious about the French decision to lend the entire foreign-currency cost of Frenchmade pipeline equipment. They claimed it broke a gentleman's agreement between them not to go

over 85 percent. U.S. officials also reacted augrily to the French move, saying that it had embarrassed the West German banks and appeared to violate the spirit of a NATO agreement last month to suspend economic cooperation with Moscow until martial law was lifted in Poland.

The pipeline would enable the Soviet Union to sell Europe 40 billion cubic meters of Siberian natural gas per year by the end of this decade, eventually earning \$5 bil-lion to \$6 billion annually in for-

Dependency Feared

As a result, West Germany, Italy and France would be getting between 25 and 32 percent of their natural gas supplies from the Sovi-

The Reagan administration has expressed concerned that the project could make Western Enrope dependent on Soviet natural gas and vulnerable to threats by Moscow to reduce supplies. The United States has also argued that by easing the Soviet Union's foreign currency shortage, the natural gas deal would help finance a military buildup

In an effort to halt or delay the pipeline's construction, the Reagan administration has embar-goed the sale of General Electric components for compressors that would be used to pump the gas, and it has asked other governing only 85 percent of the cost.

Financial sources said Wednesfrom trying to replace these parts.

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Lydyia Vashchenko, right, leaving Moscow's Botkin Hospital, where the Pentecostalist ended her monthlong hunger strike. She is accompanied by her brother, Sasha, and her sister, Vera.

Pentecostalist Hunger Striker Leaves Moscow Hospital

MOSCOW -A Soviet woman who staged a monthlong immer strike to press for the right to emigrate was reunited Thursday with her family and friends in

the U.S. Embassy in Moscow. Lydyia Vashchenko, 31, who had been released earlier from hospital, said that she was planming to return Friday to Chernogorsk, her home town in Siberia, and warned that she would again go on a hunger strike if she did not receive an exit visa.

In June, 1978, she was one of seven Pentecostalists who ran past Soviet police guards into the U.S. Embassy and demand-

ed well in the hospital and said that the doctors had been kind. ed the right to emigrate to the West. The members of the fun-damentalist Christian sect Western diplomats said that refused to leave the mission and were given a single room in the

the favorable treatment she had received at the hospital may inbasement.
Miss Vashchenko and her dicate that the Soviet authorities are ready to grant visas to the catire group, thereby ending the mother began a hunger strike Dec. 28 to draw attention to embarrassing publicity sur-rounding their stay in the emtheir plight. On Jan. 30, the embassy doctor sent Miss Vash-chenko to Moscow's Botkin Hospital after deciding that her

In the past, Moscow has refused to give the Pentecostalists exit papers, saying that they should first return to their home town and apply there. The group refused, fearing that they would

Polish Aide Welcomes Papal Visit, Says Walesa Will Be Freed Soon

She gave up her fast as soon as she was admitted, saying that she had been threatened with

force-feeding. But Thursday she reported that she had been treat-

life was in danger.

MADRID — Deputy Foreign Minister Jozef Wiejacz of Poland said Thursday that Pope John Paul-II is free to visit Poland, that the Solidarity leader Lech Walesa will be released soon and that authorities will lift most martial law restrictions by the end of the month.

Mr. Wieiacz said at a news conference in connection with the Conference on Security and Coopcration in Europe that the authorities know the pope intends to pay a second visit to his native country but that so far there have been no future." As of last week, Mr.

the Vatican. The pope visited Poland in June, 1979.

As a Polish citizen, the pope is free to go to Poland at any time, Mr. Wiejacz said, but as a head of state the visits must be planned ahead of time.

Mr. Wiejacz also said that most restrictions under martial law, which was imposed Dec. 13, would be removed by the end of the

He added that Mr. Walesa, in detention since the military takeover, will be released "in the near discussions between Warsaw and Wiejacz said, "about 4,000 people

were still interned [but] between 20 and 30 persons are being released each day.

The conference itself was paralyzed Thursday, its third day, over the Polish issue. No formal meetings were held and officials predicted that the conference would be adjourned early, with resumption set for October or November.

A formal plenary meeting was scheduled for Friday to hear remaining opening statements from delegates who were not permitted to speak Tuesday and Wednesday.

the opening day of the conference Tuesday by using a procedural maneuver to cut short the list of speakers who were expected to criticize the Polish and Soviet governments for the imposition of

Meanwhile, the Polish Foreign Ministry announced Thursday that restrictions prohibiting foreign diplomats from traveling in Poland outside of Warsaw had been lifted. The order restores travel rights withdrawn when martial law was declared.

Display of Power

WARSAW (Reuters) — A col-umn of more than 100 police and military vehicles, including armored troop carriers and water cannon, sped through Warsaw at rush hour Thursday evening in a show of strength marking two

months of martial law.

The show of might in Warsaw came a few hours after the Polish primate, Archbishop Jozef Glemp, returned from a week's visit to Rome for talks with the pope. But political analysts said they doubted that there was any direct con-nection between the two events. Archbishop Glemp gave no de-tails of his Vatican talks.

Debt Payment Approved WASHINGTON (UPI) -- Congress has rejected an attempt to stop the Commodity Credit Corp. from paying Poland's debts to U.S.

banks for grain purchases.

The Senate Wednesday rejected, 55 to 39, a motion to keep the cor-poration from using funds for re-payments unless U.S. banks for-mally declared Poland to be in de-fault.

WARSAW (AP) — The police turned away about 150 Poles who went to the U.S. Embassy Wednesday night to see the U.S. television program "Let Poland Be Poland."

Army Mutiny In Somalia Is Reported

Sources Say Loyalists Crushed Dissidents

By Bernd Debusmann

Reaters
NAIROBI — The government of Somali President Mohammed Siad Barre has crushed a major army mutiny in northern Somalia after several days of fighting, according to diplomatic sources and Somali dissidents.

They said that elements of Somalia's Eighth Army mutinied last month after the summary execution of several senior officers accused of collaboration with the Somali Salvation Front, an antigovernment guerrilla group backed by Ethiopia. Western diplomatic sources, quoting fragmentary reports from the region, confirmed that fighting

had taken place between mutineers and troops loyal to the government but had no details concerning the number of officers executed.

The sources said that the clashes pointed out the fragility of rule by president who had increasingly relied on clan and family ties to maintain his grip on the institu-tions of power — including the 65,000-man armed forces — in

Switched Support

Gen. Siad Barre took power in a military coup in 1969 and was an ally of the Soviet Union until 1977, when the Kremlin switched its support to Ethiopia during a war

between the two countries.

The president then turned to the
United States, and in August,
1980, Somalia signed an agreement granting U.S. forces access to air and naval facilities on the Gulf of Aden in return for \$45 million in military sales credits. -

Somali dissidents said that the mutiny had involved dissident elemittiny had involved dissident ele-ments in seven garrisons in north-ern Somalia, Burao, Hargeisa, Ga-biley, Kalabeyrka, Wajale, Geb-dellar and Allaybaday, and fol-lowed a Jan. 18 guerrilla attack on the town of Bohotleh, on the bor-

der with Ethiopia.

According to this account, guerrillas attacked army installations and held the town for 12 hours after heavy fighting in which about 20 soldiers and policemen were

After the attack on Bohotleh, the dissident sources said, 11 offi-cers were executed without trial for alleged collaboration with the guerrillas. Those shot by firing squad included Col. Abdullahi Said, the commander of the Eighth Army's Toghder region, which in-cludes the port of Berbera, the sources said.

On Budget

(Continued from Page 1)

the Hollings proposal would under too much of the basic Reagan tax cut package passed last year by forgoing the 10 percent cut in income tax rates scheduled for 1982 and by reducing the 1983 cut from 10 to 5 percent.

Moreover, they object to an absolute halt to the rise in military spending. Sen. Baker and others have advocated significant reductions in the proposed \$258-billion Reagan military budget for 1983 but contend that "you can slow it down but you can't stop it in one fell swoop," as a Republican put it. Although Pete V. Domenic, Republican of New Mexico, the Although Pete V. Domenic, Republican of New Mexico, the chairman of the Senate Budget Committee, has kept publicly silent on the president's budget proposal, he has privately told colleagues that it is not workable and will not pass.

James R. Jones, the Oklahoma Democrat who is chairman of the House Budget Committee, has taken the lead in trying to build first Democratic and then bipartisan support for a more modest package of social cuts and tax increases. And Republicans like Robert J. Dole of Kansas, the Senate Finance Committee chairman, are talking about some tax increases similar to those mentioned by Rep. Jones, but they are fearful of voter

disfavor in an election year.

Time has emerged as a crucial factor in the congressional maneuvering. Republicans like Rep. Barber B. Conable Jr. of New York and Sen. Dole contend that the president could be rescued from a very difficult political and economic situation if the economy were to turn upward in the next two months, before Congress has to vote on major budget resolu-tions or a new move to raise the

national debt ceiling.
On the other side, Democrats like Rep. Jones and Republicans like Sen. Domenici are understood to feel that if the economy remains sluggish, pressure on Congress and on the president to revise the basic budget package will become in-tense and possibly irresistible.

"At that point," conceded Sen.
Dole, "we'll be in a box along with

the president. We won't be able to just sit here and wring our hands."

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Rowland in Bid for Laker Venture

LONDON — Sir Freddie Laker, whose airline collapsed last week seemed in sight of a dramatic comeback Thursday as Roland (Tiny) Rowland, chief executive of the giant Lonrho conglomerate, announced

they were likely to team up in a new venture.

Mr. Rowland said after several hours of talks with Sir Freddie: "It is very likely we will form a partnership. We are working towards that end and our talks are going extremely well." Mr. Rowland said he hoped negotiations would be completed in two days.

The Lonrho conglomerate owns industrial and mining interests in Africa and engineering and finance companies in Britain. It recently acquired the Observer newspaper.

Russians Issue Apology in Portugal

LISBON - Officials at the Soviet Embassy in Lisbon, apparently worried that more Russian diplomats might be expelled, issued a rare public apology Thursday for a recent comment about a Portuguese police

The statement said the embassy had made "appropriate apologies" for a statement it issued during the weekend describing Mario Soares, the Portuguese Socialist opposition leader, as being mentally unbalanced

and in need of prolonged treatment.

Mr. Soares had infuriated the embassy by accusing the Kremlin of planning to destabilize the Iberian peninsula in order to prevent Spain's entry into NATO. The Portuguese government expelled two Soviet dip-lomats last month as part of the Western response to the Polish crisis.

Bangladesh Cabinet Is Dissolved

Resers

DACCA, Bangladesh — President Abdus Sattar dissolved his 41-member Cabinet Thursday, saying that the country faced a serious crisis. He said that a smaller Cabinet would be formed Friday.

In a national radio and television broadcast, the president said that people had grown to doubt the integrity, honeaty and sincerity of the Cabinet ministers.

The dissolution of the Cabinet, formed Nov. 27, followed a special Cabinet meeting and a meeting between Mr. Sattar and the chiefs of the

Court Clears French Nationalizations

PARIS — The Constitutional Council, France's highest legislative court, Thursday approved the Socialist government's bill to nationalize major French banks and industrial groups. The approval of the legisla-

tion's constitutionality assured its passage into law.

Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy said that the council had rejected the Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy said that the council had rejected the latest appeal from center-right opposition groups to declare all or part of the bill illegal. The legislation brings France's five biggest industrial groups, 39 banks and two giant holding companies under state control. This will enlarge public control of the industrial sector from 12 to 17 percent, and state control of banking deposits to around 95 percent.

Mr. Mauroy signed the bill within minutes of hearing the news. It will become law after publication in the official gazette, probably within two ways. The council last month rejected a first version of the bill — which was passed by legislators in December — because, it said, compensations

was passed by legislators in December — because, it said, compensations provisions for company shareholders were inadequate.

Thais Force Down Vietnamese Plane

BANGKOK — A Vietnamese military supply aircraft was intercepted Thursday by a Thai fighter-bomber inside Thai territory and was forced to make a crash landing in which one of the plane's passengers was killed, military officers said.

Initial reports added that two of the 12 Vietnamese aboard the Sovietbuilt AN-26 plane were injured when it crashed into a rice field 30 kilometers (19 miles) from the Cambodian border.

The plane was loaded with weapons, explosives and medical and food supplies apparently destined for Vietnamese troops at a base in Pailin, which is close to the area in western Cambodia in which there has been fighting, according to the reports.

when the party's members of Par-

liament had to vote on the govern-ment's controversial employment

bill, which will weaken the trade unions. Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Owen,

Mrs. Williams and William Rodgers, the joint Social Democratic leaders, all voted in favor of the bill, but five of the 27 Social Democratic MPs voted against it

and an unusually large number of

the others abstained.

Another problem is the division of parliamentary candidacies between the two parties. The nation-

al agreement between the two said that they should divide the seats

roughly equally and that each should get the same number of theoretically winnable seats, but that has proved difficult to implement at the local level. Agreement has been reached in only three counties — Essex, Humberside and North Yorkshire — and it appears unlikely that the deadline of

pears unlikely that the deadline of March 31 will be met, according to senior negotiators for the Liberals.

2 Key Tests

"The longer this takes," com-mented a Conservative MP, "the less they look like an idealistic new

breed and the more they look like

the rest of us selfish, partisan, shopworn old political hacks."

Two key tests lie ahead this spring for the Social Democrats. Sometime in the next six weeks, probably March 18, Mr. Jenkins

will try for the second time to win a place in the House of Commons as a Social Democrat. He was nar-

rowly defeated in a by-election at Warrington last year, a defeat that was interpreted as a moral victory

because he did much better than

expected.
This time, in the Hillhead constituency in Glasgow, he will be expected to win. The Social Demo-

crats also need a good showing in nationwide local elections May 6.

If Mr. Jenkins wins at Hillhead.

he will almost certainly be chosen

leader of the Social Democrats.
The actual method of selecting a

leader will be one of the items on

the agenda at a Social Democratic

constitutional conference this

weekend, But it will not be decided

until a membership ballot has been

Labor Resolves Problems

Compromise Thatcher's Chances Appear To Grow for Next Election

By R.W. Apple Jr.

New York Times Service

LONDON — Prime Minister
Margaret Thatcher's chances of winning the next general election, which were considered almost nonexistent three months ago, ap-

pear to be improving.

In a season of subtle but significant changes in the tenor of British politics, Mrs. Thatcher and her resolutely conservative policies no longer seem quite so embattled. This week, a London bookmaker went so far as to install her Conservative Party as a narrow favor-ite to win the election, which is ex-pected in the spring of 1984.

The most important development has been a slowing of the momentum of the new Social Democratic Party, which burst upon the British political scene just a year ago with tremendous force, and which won its most notable victory, late lest trees the table victory late last year when Shirley Williams captured the Conservative seat at Crosby in a

Its difficulties had been predicted by its own leaders and by independent observers, but they have nonetheless had a big impact on an electorate whose political senti-ments are increasingly volatile.

Virtual Dead Heat

A new poll by Market and Opinion Research International, published last Sunday, showed a sudden slump in the popularity of the alliance of the Social Democratic and Liberal parties. The poll showed the three major political groupings in a virtual dead heat, with the alliance at 34 percent, the Conservatives at 33 percent and Labor at 31 percent. In November, the alliance, with 44 percent led

the alliance, with 44 percent, led each of its foes by 17 percent.
"We are paying the penalty for our early success," a Social Democratic leader said, "and we are likely to go through a period of difficulties for some months."

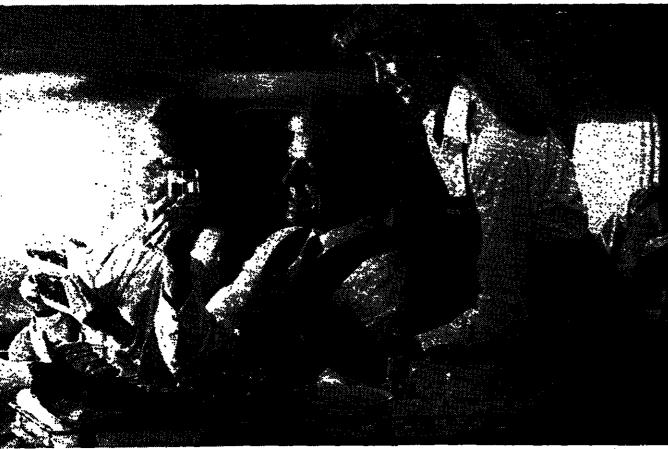
A debate is raging within the party over whether it should take a more radical stand on issues, with Roy Jenkins, the former president of the European Economic Community, favoring a cautious approach, and David Owen, the former foreign minister, urging a sharper policy.

The strains showed this week

While all this has been going on in the new party, Labor, the party with which most of the Social Democrats broke, has made a tentative start at resolving its prob-Tony Benn, the left-winger who has been harassing the party's leader, Michael Foot, for more than a year, has been silent of late, and the big trade unions have imposed a truce of sorts, which should last at least through the local elections.

The underlying disagreements on such issues as the Common Market, nationalization of industry and disarmament remain, and they will undoubtedly cause trou-ble when the time comes to draft an election manifesto, or platform.

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Poles Turned Away

mbassy sources said. The Poles apparently heard about the showing of the film after

a notice was posted on an embassy bulletin board inside the building

Mackinlay's

Army Hands Over Suspects in Killing Of Nuns in Salvador

By Christopher Dickey

ZACATECOLUCA, El Salvador Six former members of the Salvadoran National Guard have been turned over to civilian authorities here as suspects in the 1980 slayings of four American and lay worker Jean Donovan. churchwomen.

The heavily guarded suspects were taken Wednesday by helicopter from the National Guard garrison in San Salvador to this small provincial capital, near the scene of the deaths. A special team of prosecutors arrived later.

This long awaited move in the case is roughly analogous to the arraignment process in U.S. courts. Under Salvadoran law, the civil court judge now has 72 hours to tte the evidence to decide if it is sufficient to pursue the case further against any or all of the

Although the judge could ask for still further investigation in the 14-month-old case before determining whether a trial should be held, informed officials say that such evidence exists.

Volatile Issue

The question of who sexually abused and killed three American nuns and an American lay worker the night of Dec. 2, 1980, has become one of the most volatile of many issues surrounding U.S. support for the military-civilian junta fighting a leftist insurgency here. Relatives of the victims and critics of U.S. policy have charged the Salvadoran authorities with footdragging.

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The case initially caused the United States to cut off all economic and military aid to the ruling junta, which has been frequently accused of extensive human rights abuses. The Carter administration resumed aid early last year after a guerrilla offensive; last month the Reagan administration had to certify to Congress that there was progress in the investiga-

Judge Bernardo Rauda Murcia, who was assigned to the case six

ignation of his predecessor, appeared Wednesday to be a virtual bystander as the prosecutors from the capital dictated every detail of the presentation of evidence in the deaths of Sisters Dorothy Kazel, Ita Ford and Maura Clarke

Two suspects were arrested only this year, according to officials close to the investigation. The other four have been under administrative detention by the National Guard since April. According to a formal statement read to the court, they were dismissed from the National Guard yesterday morning, a prerequisite to turning them over to the civilian court, and immediately put under arrest. Those presented to the court

Wednesday included Luis Colindres Aleman, Francisco Orlando Contreras, José Moreno Camura and Daniel Canales Ramirez, all of whose names have been reported repeatedly over the last few months. The new suspects presented Wednesday are Carlos Contraras Palacios and Salvador Rivera Franco, both of whom were said by investigators to have made official confessions and were expected to repeat them formally in front of the judge.

Mr. Contreras Palacios, accord ing to an official, is a newly devout Christian alleged to have confessed to having participated in the actual murder of the churchwomen.

Mr. Rivera Franco, the official said, was a member of the National Guard patrol that stopped the nuns' van near the El Salvador international airport that night.

Material Evidence

A statement by the National Guard Casanova, also mentioned a "witness" named Julio Cesar Valle, a former guardsmen, who "could not be found." Mr. Valle was identified by officials as a guardsman who is alleged to have picked up the killers and driven them back to the airport after they days ago after the unexplained res- had burned the nuns van.



Carlos Contreras Palacios, one of the suspects in the murder of four American churchwomen, waits under guard in an El Salvador courthouse after appearing before an investigating magistrate.

Reporters saw officials formally registering and reporting three bits of material evidence that were also mentioned in Gen. Vides Casanova's statement: a tire and a jack believed to be from the nuns' van, and a burgundy-colored skirt with a label reading, "Exclusivas M. Gabriela" from Guatemala.

Officials familiar with the inves-

tigation said that the skirt was sold to a cleaning woman at the suspects' barracks and may have belonged to one of the victims. It is not clear why a shell casing from a military 7.62mm bullet that was found at the scene and that U.S. ballistics tests established as

to Moreno Canjura was not presented here Wednesday. Under the Salvadoran legal sys-

The administration indicated in

October that it intended to put the

first 40 MXs in former Titan-2

silos, which meant there would be

no reduction of U.S. defenses,

since the older Titans were sched-

On Dec. 31, however, the Penta-

gon announced that it had decided

instead to put the first MXs in

some of the silos now occupied by

uled to be withdrawn anyway.

having been fired in a rifle issued

brought here Wednesday until they had all been formally dismissed from the National Guard. A soldier cannot be tried in a civilian court, but a military court cannot try anyone for murder.

If the judge feels satisfied that there is enough evidence to con-vict, he becomes, in a sense, a prosecutor and may then move ahead to the trial stages of the case, over which he would continue to pre-

Cease-Fire Is Urged

WASHINGTON (AP) - Four Democrats have introduced a resolution calling for a cease-fire and negotiated settlement to the El Sal-vador civil war, an approach that

The Democrats, Sens, Christopher Dodd of Connecticut and Panl Tsongas of Massachusetts and Reps. Michael Barnes of Maryland and Stephen Solarz of York said that negotiations were the only way to end the war and protect U.S. interests.

In another development, Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill is sending a House of Representatives factfinding mission to El Salvador to get a "first-hand" look at the situation there, his spekesman said Wednesday.

The three-member team, to leave Thursday and spend several days in El Salvador, will consist of Rep. John Murtha, Democrat of Pennsylvania, an Appropriations Committee aide and Kirk O'Donnell, the speaker's general counsel, the spokesman said.

Furloughs Begin in U.S. For Federal Employees

By Bryce Nelson

Los Angeles Times Service WASHINGTON — Thousands of U.S. government workers are being notified that they must take years 1985 through 1987. off one day every two weeks without pay to help cut government costs under the Reagan administration's trimmed-down budget.

Affected so far by the compulsory furloughs, federal officials said Wednesday, are 23,000 employees in the Federal Aviation Administration. 5.900 in the Census Bureau, 3,000 in the Office of Personnel Management and 130 headquarters employees in the U.S. Mint. They will lose from five to 12 work days between April 1 and

Among employees not sched-uled for furloughing are workers in the Department of Defense and the Postal Service.

The mandatory furloughs are the result of the administration's cuts in government outlays. With the notable exception of the Department of Defense virtually every federal agency has had its budg-et slashed below the amount originally recommended for the current fiscal year by President Jimmy

'Money Pinch'

John Scholzen, spokesman for the Office of Personnel Manage-ment, successor to the old Civil Service Commission, emphasized that the no-pay furloughs were due

"purely to the money pinch." Initial reaction from unions representing federal employees was

"If it's going to be a choice be-tween [layoffs] and furloughs, of course we're going to support the furloughs," said Sandra Arnold of the National Federation of Federal Employees. "It's the lesser of two

But Patrick Korten of the Office of Personnel Management said the mandatory furloughs — which have been approved by the White House - were not an alternative to the administration's long-term goal of reducing the number of government workers.

More Layoffs Planned

He said the administration still plans to reduce the 2.1-million federal work force, by 75,000 employ-ces in fiscal years 1982 through

1984. President Reagan's fiscal 1983 budget, which was submitted to Congress this week, calls for 75,000 more jobs to be cut in fiscal

The administration dismissed more than 7,000 federal workers last year as part of its economy

The groundwork for the furloughs was laid in December, when the Office of Personnel Management issued a directive telling federal department heads to seek out workers who might volunteer to stay home several days without pay to help cut costs.

If those efforts were unsuccessful, the agency chiefs were told, then mandatory furloughs should be considered to cut down on the number of employees who would have to be dismissed to meet the administration's budget-trimming

Action Believed Unprecedented

Mr. Scholzen of the Office of Personnel Management expressed concern about the effect of the furloughs, "In the government, if you don't get paid, you don't work," he said. "The question is, under the furloughs will the work of the government get done?"

Mr. Scholzen also said that furloughing in several agencies was believed to be unprecedented in the federal government. "There has been nothing like this in recent memory," he said.

Edwin L. Dale, spokesman for the Office of Management and Budget said the unpaid days off were the result of administration and congressional actions that trimmed some agency budgets by as much as 16 percent.

Beginning in April, about half of the Federal Aviation Administration's 45,000 employees will be furloughed for a total of 12 working days during the rest of this fiscal year, the agency's administrator, J. Lynn Helms, said Wednesday at a meeting of regional agency administrators in Washington.

The agency said 10,000 air traffic controllers and other vital employees will not be affected.

The mandatory furlough policy began in the U.S. Mint headquarters in January and is scheduled for other affected departments in March and April.



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U.S. Drops Plan to Harden MX Missile Silos Pentagon Officials Cite Fund Restrictions, Administration Loss of Interest

beyond.

By Michael Getler Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - The Reagan administration is discarding the plan it announced in October to harden the underground silos in

which it will put the first 40 new siles, according to civilian and military officials at the Pentagon.
The administration said at the time that it could harden the silos -to protect the missiles from enemy nuclear attack during the next few

years, while it decides on a perma-nent basing scheme to keep them

The president had criticized by creating what he termed a "win-dow of vulnerability" in U.S. de-

Abandonment of the hardening idea is the second important departure in four months from the administration's original \$19-billion-plus plan for the interim de-ployment of the MX, a huge new missile that will carry 10 nuclear bombs and is meant to be the

for whom he worked as a special

Earlier, the White House had

disclosed that the Justice Depart-

ment had opened an inquiry to determine whether Mr. Canzeri vi-

olated any U.S. criminal laws in

A White House spokesman said

that the transactions had been referred to the department out of

Impropriety Denied

zeri and Mr. Rockefeller have de-

nied any impropriety.

Mr. Canzeri has said he inad-

vertently billed the national com-

mittee for \$800 in expenses paid

imbursement for meal expenses

Officials also said that the de-

official from receiving any salary

or contribution from a source

by the government.

In July, Mr. Canzeri borrowed

obtaining the low-interest loans.

"an abundance of caution."

assistant for 17 years.

White House Aide Resigns After Disclosure of Loans By Edward T. Pound

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - Joseph W. Canzeri, a White House official, has resigned after a disclosure that he had borrowed \$400,000 on favorable terms from Laurance S. Rockefeller and a California developer to purchase a town house

Mr. Canzeri, who was a deputy assistant to President Reagan, resigned in a letter to the president Wednesday, saying that his action was "in the best interest of you and your administration."

He had borrowed \$400,000 from Mr. Rockefeller and Donald M. Koll, a real estate developer in Newport Beach, Calif., to finance the purchase of the \$380,000 town house in Georgetown, a fashion-able section of Washington.

The Reagan aide has also ac-knowledged that he submitted expense claims to the government and to the Republican National Committee for the same trips. He said that last week, after the expense account irregularity was pointed out to him by the White House counsel's office, he reimbursed the national committee for

Concern for Reagan

"I firmly believe I did nothing wrong improper or incorrect." But he said that he did not want to emburrass Mr. Reagan and that he was also concerned lest his own ef-

fectiveness had been impaired.

Mr. Canzeri insisted that he had not resigned because of news reports about the loans. But he added, "I've seen this process before. People drag these things out." He said that he did not want the presi-dent to be "bruised or blackened as a result of anything I have

President Jimmy Carter during the 1980 presidential election campaign for not having a feasible plan to protect the new MX, there-

the 1,000 land-based Minuteman missiles. These are the silos that officials have now decided will not be hardened. backbone of the U.S. nuclear re-A senior specialist said that, with the MXs inside, these Minuteman silos may be even less resistant to enemy attack than they are now. This is because the MX is a lot bigger than the Minuteman and there will be less "rattle-space," or

room to absorb shock, in these silos with the MXs in them. to Michael K. Deaver, the deputy From a political standpoint, the White House chief of staff. His re-sponsibilities included the details of White House ceremonies and hardening and Titan aspects of the original plan were key elements, in that they made the president's controversial decision on MX seem somewhat more logical to Con-He earned slightly more than \$60,000 a year and was a longtime associate of the Rockefeller family, particularly Nelson A. Rockefeller,

gress and the public. There is considerable irony surrounding the changes in the inter-im MX basing plan and the overall status of the MX project now.

Congress Skeptical

The hardening plan was dropped in part because Congress proved skeptical and put restrictions on the use of money for it. But civilian and military officials acknowledge that there has also been a loss of interest within the administration in the idea.

Specialists point out that there were many sound military reasons to shift from Titan to Minuteman silos, that it is technically question-able whether silos could in fact be \$200,000, at 9 percent, from Mr. Rockefeller, and \$200,000, at 12 percent, from Mr. Koll. Mr. Canhardened effectively, and that this would be quite expensive. At the time the Reagan plan was announced, Harold Brown, the defense secretary under Mr. Carter and a technical expert, described the hardening idea as "whistling in

Yet, the specialists who thus approve of the changes in the original plan also acknowledge privately that these shifts are contributed a general problem of credibility and confidence that the similar of the special section of the specialists who thus approve of the changes in the original special section of the specialists who thus approve of the changes in the original plan also acknowledge privately that the specialists who thus approve of the changes in the original plan also acknowledge privately that the specialists who thus approve of the changes in the original plan also acknowledge privately that these shifts are contributed as a special section of the special section of t the dark." He said that the errors involved he paid on official trips to San Diego and France last year. "There was double billing — it was a very honest mistake," Mr. Canzeri said. and confidence that the missile project continues to have in Con-"I got to tell you, I've never bilked

The other irony is that, by all Pentagon and Air Force accounts, partment inquiry was intended to focus on whether Mr. Canzeri viothe development of the missile itis coming along "smashing lated a U.S. law that prohibits an well," as an officer put it. The rocket engines reportedly have been fired successfully several times and the highly advanced enother than the government "as compensation for his services."

taliatory force for the 1990s and gine control and guidance system seem amenable to mass production. "It's a highly successful development program," an official said, "surprisingly trouble-free, on schedule, on cost and with no sur-

But the MX specialists still shrug when asked if it is any more clear now than it was a year ago how the full 100-missile force will

ultimately be based.
The MX missiles are stated to begin coming off the production line in mid-1986 and officials say that all 40 of the first batch should be installed within a year. Officially, the Pentagon has until July, 1983, to figure out a permanent solution and tell Congress about it.

Increase in Warheads Sought

WASHINGTON (WP) - The Reagan administration wants to increase by 100 the number of nuclear warheads it can drop on the Soviet Union by deploying an additional 50 Minuteman-3 ICBMs next year, placing them in silos now occupied by older Minute-man-2 missiles.

Each Minuteman-3 has three individually targetable warheads, each with 175 kilotons of explosive power, a total of 525 kilotons. The Minuteman-2 has only one warhead although its one megaton yield is almost twice as great as the total for the three Minuteman-3

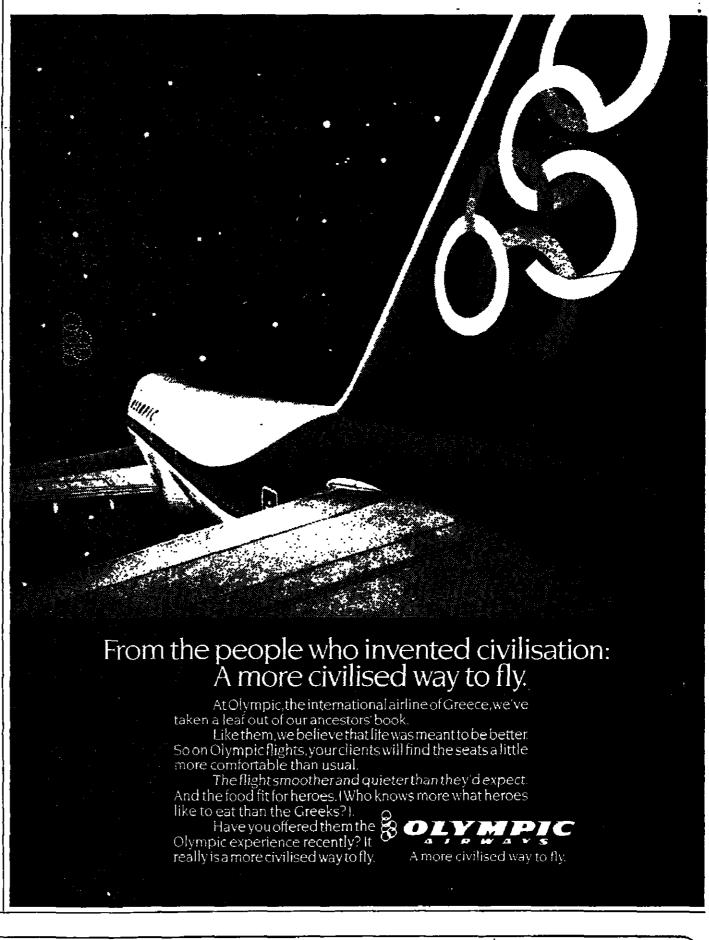
In a statement released Tuesday, the Joint Chiefs of Staff said that the planned Minuteman-3 deploy-ments would "partially offset" the phasing out of 52 aging Titan-2 ICBMs, which is scheduled to begin this year.

The Titans, largest and oldest of the U.S. ICBMs, carry enormous 9-megaton warheads. Their toxic liquid fuel, however, has made them too dangerous and too ex-pensive to keep operational until 1986, when the larger, 10-warhead MX ICBM is to become available.

Spain Sets Feb. 19 Trial

generals, 29 other officers and a ci-vilian on trial Feb. 19 for on charges of trying to overthrow the civilian government last Feb. 23.

The coup attempt began when military men stormed Parliament and held members of the lower



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On the United Nations

The symptoms are unmistakable: After a year at the United Nations, the U.S. delegate feels depressed and frustrated, sometimes sees enemies everywhere, and doubts the fidelity of friends. The afflicted have included Adlai Stevenson and Daniel Patrick Moynihan. Now Jeane Kirkpatrick complains. Call it "the UN blahs." Like black lung and coal mining, the disease goes with the job.

To Americans eager to engage the globe, the United Nations is a frustrating place. Too many bit players underfoot, and the smaller their country the longer their speeches. Maddeningly, the speakers often don't mean what they say. They blast you, for the folks back home, then offer to have a drink.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick complains to anyone who will listen. And she has half a point when she spears the hypocrisy of those who gang up on Israel — as in the unconscionably one-sided vote of censure last week - while passing over butchery in Cambodia. What mars that particular complaint is her own vote to keep the Pol Pot regime seated. Surely, everyone knows that Americans don't really mean what that says.

Open discussion and UN voting substitute a weary theater for diplomacy. And its worship of nationalisms severely limits its value as peacemaker. The theatrics can help in slowing down the tempo of a crisis or in

feigning attention to the insoluble. But most important conflicts are dealt with elsewhere.

Still, where better to dump the impossible? Cyprus, for example, or the Israeli-Arab conflict in most years. To the world's poor, the rich United States is an inviting target, too glibly reviled. Yet that very fact can add to American propaganda victories in the UN, like the Security Council's unanimous condemnation of the seizure of Tehran hostages, and the General Assembly's censure of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. Even in Mrs. Kirkpatrick's time, the UN has worked with America in the matter of Namibia.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick remarks that the UN is a fact to be accepted, like death and taxes. Faults and all, it is better than that. What other institution would plunge into the deep legal waters of the Law of the Sea?

For a decade, four U.S. administrations worked to write a treaty to define territorial waters and navigational rights and provide a way for sharing seabed riches. At first President Reagan saw only giveaways in the draft, but now he grudgingly finds merit in much of it. Such adjustments not only sharpen U.S. policy but help to keep friends and influence adversaries. If every year's palaver produced one good idea and suffocated a dozen of the bad, boredom should be tolerable.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

10,000 Miskito Indians

Reports from Nicaragua describe an apparent violation of human rights of breathtaking dimensions. Officials of the leftist Sandinista · regime have acknowledged that in recent weeks Nicaraguan troops removed from their . villages some 10,000 Miskito Indians, from among a small community of about 100,000 who have long lived in relative poverty and isolation by Nicaragua's remote Atlantic coast. A police official assured that the villagers cooperated in their own removal and there were no injuries, although "more than 40" prisoners are being held. Travelers, journalists and other international observers were barred from the area.

What is happening? It seems that the Miskitos, who have traditionally resisted central authority, reacted to the military presence that the Sandinistas imposed after taking power in 1979, and to Cuban soldiers and civilians the Sandinistas brought with them. The Sandinistas, who say they have fielded "no more than 2,000 troops" in the area, have linked the Miskitos to some of the late dictator Anastasio Somoza's National Guardsmen now sitting in nearby Honduras awaiting the counterrevolution. Moravian clergymen are accused of "preaching a primitive brand of anti-Communism." This is the context in which the regime has justified mass evacuations: to protect loyal Indians and to thwart creation of a "theater of operations of counterrevolutionary actions."

Much still has to be learned about the way the Sandinistas and the Cubans are treating this vulnerable Indian community. What is known, however, buttresses suspicions of a grievous calamity. Is it possible to believe that 20 whole villages cooperated to the man with soldiers trucking them away from their tribal homes? That only they were caught up in the sweep? That there were no injuries? That there is no continuing resistance?

In the United States and clsewhere, too many people are prepared to believe the worst about the center-right El Salvador junta even as they accept at face value the leftist Sandinistas' claim to a kind of traditional Marxist Robin Hood mantle. It is useful to keep in mind that what the United States is trying to do in El Salvador is to prevent a concentration of power by precisely the sort of self-appointed elite ruling in Nicaragua. Anyone who needs to be reminded why has only to consult the fate of the Miskitos.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Congress Asked for It

The Reagan administration has put Congress in the uncomfortable position of having to vote for another round of harsh budget cuts and, even so, being left with an enormous budget deficit next year. There will be much hand-wringing and haggling as Congress tries to find a more palatable way to satisfy the electorate's desire for a balanced federal budget. What are the choices? Practically none, within the framework set by the administration's insistence on further cuts in taxes and increases in defense spending.

To understand the dilemma that Congress now faces, you need only look at what you could afford to buy if you were trying to make the government live within its means. Next year the administration predicts that the government will collect about \$666 billion in taxes and other revenues. That is an optimistic number — it assumes strong economic growth and also that Congress will enact several billion dollars in tax "enhancements" that it almost surely won't; but it will do to start. That sounds like a lot of money, but 90 percent of it is needed just for defense, interest on the debt, Social Security and other pension obligations and for scaledback versions of Medicaid and Medicare.

That leaves about \$65 billion to play around with - except that the government has some other inescapable obligations. Unemploymen' insurance, for example, has its own state-raised trust fund that is already counted on the revenue side, so it must be paid. And even if Congress buys the administration's cuts in veterans' programs, these will still cost over \$24 billion. Then you might want to keep the FBI and of course the courts functioning, the White House, the IRS, the OMB and other bookkeeping operations, and to conduct foreign affairs. And it would be nice ...

Wait a minute. You just ran out of money. That's it. That is all a balanced budget would buy. There would be no money for space probes or scientific research, no environmental protection, no Coast Guard or air traffic controllers, no national parks or National Cancer Institute. No aid for highways or subways or schools or housing or soil conservation. No student loans, no farm subsidies, no training or job programs. No welfare or food stamps or hot meals - not just for poor kids but for the aged and disabled as well. No "big swap" for states and cities — just a big dump. There wouldn't even be any money in the pork barrel for locks or dams or waterways or courthouses. That is how tight the budget would be.

Now you understand why the budget isn't balanced. Balancing it would mean dismantling most of the government. Since there is no higher mathematics involved in this calculation, just simple addition and subtraction, you may wonder why Congress didn't recognize the dilemma it was getting into when it let the administration persuade it to vote for record tax cuts and defense increases. Perhaps it didn't want to know.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Opinion

Three Years of Khomeini in Iron

Opponents of the new despotism have been reduced to striking at it with almost the same blind violence that it uses itself, thereby adding to the general insecurity and chaos. The economy is at a virtual standstill and the government has recently reduced the price of Iran's exported oil in order to compete in overstocked world markets and obtain hard currency for desperately needed imports.

The persistence of chaos has tempted

cesses, both against its internal enemies and in the war with Iraq. The temptation remains for Western gov-

ernments and businessmen to try to improve relations with it in order to take advantage of its needs and to make it less dependent on the Soviet bloc. Yet we should beware of being thought, by ordinary Iranians, to be contributing to its survival.

many observers to predict the regime's immi-

nent demise, yet recently it has scored suc-

- From The Times (London).

Feb. 12: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1907: Higher Than the Elevated

NEW YORK - The first fleet of passenger auships is to fly on a regular schedule from Fort George to Coney Island this summer. The first airship station in the world is to open at Broadway and 29th Street in a few months. No franchise is needed for navigating the air, so the projectors of this new rapid transit route, this rival of the Subway, the elevated and the surface cars, will have no tax to pay to the city. Mr. Fred Thompson, part owner of Luna Park, and Mr. Joseph Weber, the comedian, are the pioneers in this movement, which may prove the solution of the rapid transit problem.

1932: Emergency Banking Bill

WASHINGTON - The emergency banking bill, designed to open the Federal Reserve banks for rediscounting new types of commercial paper, which is expected to check deflation of bank credits, release sterile gold and increase the country's supply of currency, has been introduced in the Senate by Sen. Carter Glass, Democrat of Virginia. The measure provides that the Federal Reserve Bank Board must approve all applications for rediscounting the commercial paper that the bank will now be able to handle. Sen. Glass declared that the law would not be used for the inflation of currency. .

El Salvador, After Cambodia: Can Do but Can't Confirm?

has been in the news about El Salva-dor who used to be in Cambodia. I used to be in Cambodia, too, observing his work. It is not the man who is important, but the reigning attitudes in Washington that he represents - attitudes that seem to have altered little from Cambodia.

Last week, the man — Thomas Ostrom Enders, assistant secretary of state for inter-American affairs — told Congress and the American public that the Washington-backed government in El Salvador had been making progress in human rights. He said news reports of government troops having recently massacred hundreds of civilians in a northeastern province were exaggerated.

Civilians did die in that operation, Enders conceded, but he maintained that (1) the figures were overblown, (2) there was no absolute proof that government troops did the killing, and (3) besides, the lefust rebels had done nothing to move civilians out of the path of battle.

It can fairly be said that Enders - who supervised the American bombing of Cambodia during his more than three years there — did little to move Cambodian civilians out of the way either. What he did do — first as the No. 2 man at the

fortunate professionals.

With the magazine publication of the Stockman confessions, the

"leaking" of accurate deficit pro-

jections in December and the sub-

presidential consensus in the ad-

ministration that taxes would have

to be raised, it had for a time

appeared that a sense of reality

would return to the budget pro-cess, and that the hopes and hallu-cinations initially associated with Reaganomics would be tempered.

Such apparently is not to be the case. Instead we have an ill-dis-

guised attempt to obscure the

wreckage of the nation's fiscal structure inflicted by last sum-mer's tax legislation.

The president's late decision to

eschew tax increases and the sub-sequent determination that budget

deficits could not be shown as exceeding \$100 billion and were to

be seen as declining made inevita-

ble a degree of phonying-up of budget projections unmatched in recent decades (if ever), including the Vietnam War period.

Ceilings?

programs and spending of the federal government, the budget has

undergone a transformation into

an instrument of ideological hec-

toring. Central to such distortion is

the target ceiling concept. Nothing is inherently wrong with the target

concept, so long as the ceilings are related to plausible limitations on

spending. These ceilings are not.
For fiscal year 1982 the initial
ceiling was \$695 billion. The ad-

ministration now concedes that 1982 spending will be over \$725

billion - exceeding the ceiling by

\$30 billion. Most outside observers

believe it will run to \$735-740 bil-

lion, thus exceeding the ceiling by more than \$40 billion.

The supposed ceiling for fiscal 1983 was \$732 billion. Thus, fiscal

1982 spending already will exceed the fiscal 1983 ceiling. Moreover, a realistic projection of 1983 spend-ing (\$805-810 billion) drastically

See America Fast?

The report of Interior Secretary

James Watt's views on energy and

mineral development (IHT, Jan. 14) makes me wouder if the beauty and biota of the Western states

will survive the Reagan era. While Secretary Watt raised some legiti-

mate concerns about American de-

pendence on foreign supplies of

strategic minerals and energy, his

call for a hasty program to open

Letters intended for publica-tion should be addressed "Letters

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ture. Priority is given to letters that are brief and do not request anonymity. Letters may be abridged. We are unable to acknowledge all the unable to acknowledge all the unable to the views of readers who will be the priority of the priorit

the views of readers who submit

Rather than a plan reflecting the

By Sydney H. Schanberg

U.S. embassy and later as the man in charge — was to spend considerable effort trying to discount and discredit reports by iournalists in the field.

Enders was a protégé of Henry Kissinger and he was carrying out orders. Emory C. Swank — the ambassador in Cambodia who was asked by Washington to accept Enders as his No. 2 - describes Enders as a "can-do personality.

"What went wrong with our Indochina experience," says Swank, whose State Department career was destroyed by Kissinger when Swank became disillusioned with the Cambodia policy, "was that the bureaucracy in Washington wanted 'cando' personalities."

Can-do personalities were the dominant leadership species in Indochina. They conducted themselves and prepared their reports in a manner they thought would please the top can-doers in Washington. In 1973, Enders ran the daily meetings in the Phnom Penh embassy where bombing targets were chosen, using maps too old to assure the absence of villages and

civilians where the bombs were to fall. Others at the meetings reported that Enders tackled this assignment with élan.

He confided to intimates that he had once considered a career in the military, but his eyesight wasn't good enough.

The 1973 bombing — finally ended on

Aug. 15 by a congressional ban — was some of the heaviest in history. Of course, thousands of civilians were killed, maimed

and named into refugees.

Enders persistently contended that the figures reported by journalists in the field were exaggerated. It did not suit can-do policy to call attention to the death and upheaval of legions of peasants.

Does it ring familiar? Here is what he says now about Salvadoran peasants: "No evidence could be found to confirm that government forces systematically massacred civilians. Nor does the number of civilians killed even remotely approach the number being cited in other reports about the incident."

The 1973 bombing in Cambodia was carried out in direct, brazen violation of U.S. law — the Cooper-Church amendment to the Foreign Assistance Act that made it illegal "to provide United States advisers to or for Cambodian military

forces in Cambodia." American military personnel, acting in

secret and using sophisticated communications equipment inside the embassy, played the primary role in coordinating and directing the tactical air strikes flown from Thailand.

On Aug. 6, 1973, a week before the U.S. bombing was forced to halt, a B-52 accidentally dropped its 20-ton-plus load on a government-held town, killing nearly 200 and wounding more than 300. It was the

worst bombing accident of the war. Most of the victims were civilians. Enders tried to cover up the incident first by sending an aide to tell the press corps that the death toll was probably only 25 but certainly no more than 65, and then by issuing orders to block re-porters from getting to the town, 38 miles down the Mckong River from Phnom

Penh. They got there anyway. Enders perhaps regards journalists as he seems to regard civilian casualties, the law and the truth - as annoyances that

interfere with can-do policies. I don't know who is right and who is wrong on the various sides in El Salvador, for I have no expertise there. But my per-sonal history tells me that foreign policies, can do or otherwise, don't work without some commitment to credibility.

01982 The New York Times

Numerology: The Entrails of an Occult Budget WASHINGTON — It was said

By James. R. Schlesinger

The writer was acting budget director in the Nixon administration and has been secretary of defense and of energy.

W of the augurs of ancient Rome that they could not pass each other in the street without eiexceeds the \$771-billion original ther bursting out laughing or cov-ering their faces in shame. With ceiling for fiscal 1984. Such overthe 1983 budget, these twin re-sponses seem peculiarly appropri-ate at the Office of Management rums accumulate increasingly. Indeed, fiscal 1984 spending itself will likely exceed the 1984 ceiling by \$110 billion or more. (There is and Budget — respectively, for its political appointees and for its unno easier way on paper to curtail projected spending than simply to drop out a year or several years of expenditure growth.) The numbers in and behind this budget require the same care in interpretation as the reading of the entrails of a goose.

The new budget now projects fiscal 1983 spending at \$757 billion — a growth of \$32 billion above the (understated) fiscal 1982 figure. Could anyone honestly suggest that non-defense outlays will actually shrink next year by sever-al billion dollars — despite continuing inflation and rising payments for Social Security, interest, retired pay, agricultural subsidies and the like? Yet that precisely is the bald thesis hidden in this budget's numbers. It implies shrinkage overall of real domestic expenditures by 7 percent, and much more for imsheltered programs. One doubts there are many administration stalwarts on the Hill so suicidally inclined as to walk that plank.

Preposterous

For fiscal 1984, the budget projects a further increase in spending of \$38 billion to roughly \$806 billion — including a nominal growth in non-defense outlays of \$16 billion. (This surprisingly generous outcome reflects the end of a miraculous surge in receipts from the outer continental shelf, expected in 1983 but not further augmented in 1984). How is this dramatic understatement of 1984 outlays achieved? Two of the more egre-gious examples may suffice.

Social Security payments under existing law are estimated to rise by but \$4 billion or just over 2 percent; but demographic factors should account for more than that, leaving aside cost-of-living increases. Interest payments, moreover — through the interlocking fictions of understated deficits and the proposition that interest rates will fall sharply as the economy expands by 5 percent in real terms — are understated by \$25 billion or so.

Enough of spending projections that stretch credulity. Regrettably, the revenue reductions in the lamentable Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981 (which destroyed the nation's fiscal structure) were tied to the fancies of the

original target ceilings. The effect on further deficits remains calami-

more federal land to mining is mis-

guided. A more effective program

would coordinate strategic materi-

als stockpiling, conservation,

diversification of suppliers, materi-

als substitution, and, where eco-

nomically and environmentally

sound, increased domestic produc-

Secretary Watt argues that there

must be rapid development of

Western energy resources now to

preclude future political pressure

for a "crash attack on the energy resources of the Western states."

This makes as much sense as say-

ing that one ought to jump off a cliff now because someone might

push one off the cliff in the future.

Since the days of Theodore Roo-sevelt, these lands have been pro-

tected in public ownership to guar-

antee long-term multiple uses and prevent the short-sighted single-use development of the type Secre-tary Watt advocates. U.S. govern-

ment tourist promotion used to

tion of raw materials.

tous. For example, in fiscal 1984, expenditures will likely run to at least \$880 billion, but revenues are unlikely to be much over \$700 bil-lion — a deficit probably exceed-

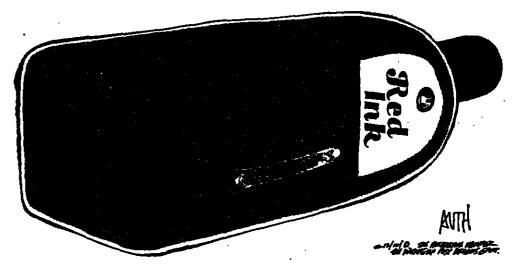
ing \$180 billion. How does the administration conceal that extra \$100 billion or so in the deficit, and thus rationalize its refusal to propose tax increases? Partly by the disingenuous understatement of outlays al-ready outlined, but also by playing around with the revenue calculations. Despite the drastic cuts in the corporate income tax in the

1981 legislation - through transfer of tax credits, etc. — which in the absence of a minimum tax means that many corporations will have no corporate tax liability, the budget projects revenues from corporate income doubling between 1982 and 1984, almost to the level

projected in the last Carter budget.
What public purpose does all of
this serve — a set of budget projections that knowledgeable people
can only regard as preposterous?
One hardly knows whether to laugh or to weep. No one from Wall Street can believe these pro-

jections; no one from Main Street should believe them. All this represents a serious (1)? The CMP was a serious (1)? branch. The OMB, unloved but broadly respected for its integrity, has long been a governmental pil-lar. Its debauchment represents the needless wastage of social capital. The Congressional Budget Office may well enjoy the satisfaction of providing the only credible official estimates in Washington. Yet, the budget committees will now be faced with the dismaying choice ei-ther of acquiescing in dissembling

or of watching the congressional budget process come apart. ©1982, The Washington Past.



Lighthearted in a Hardhearted Way By James Reston

WASHINGTON — Question: Is this the administration that promised fiscal responsibility and a balanced budget?

Answer: It is. Q. Could it be true, then, that this same administration has now proposed a budget that projects larger budget deficits over the next three years than the combined budget deficits of the Carter, Ford

and Nixon administrations? A. Not exactly. You have to add on the Johnson deficits, and even then the projected Reagan deficits will be larger than the sum total

of all four. Q. Very interesting. How do you explain this?

AM AN

ENVIRONMENTAL

EXTREMIST.

A. It's very simple. The record deficits, high interest and unemployment rates are the inevitable result of past Democratic excesses. The Democrats create problems and it takes the Republicans a little while to remedy them.

Q. How will you do that? A. By getting the federal govern-ment off the backs of the American people. And by restoring the military might of the nation, which in turn would revitalize the lagging industrial capacity of America and

get people back to work.

Q. This would, of course, influ-

ence the budget?

A. It would mean adding about \$33 billion, or 18 percent, to the defense budget, and reducing unnecessary expenditures in the do-mestic budget by almost 16 per-cent for food stamps, education, unemployment insurance - that sort of thing.
Q. Wouldn't that be rather awk-

ward for the poor? A. In the short run, yes. But we must restore the imagination of the nation, nourish the energy and self-reliance of the rising genera-tion, and improve production by more research and development to

make America more competitive in the export markets of the world. Q. Precisely. By the way, what are you doing about research and development in this budget?

A. Well, we have had to cut it back a bit. We are still spending more than before, but inflation is a

problem, and we have to cut somewhere. We can't go on financing all these characters in universities and laboratories fiddling with ide-as that may not get anywhere. Q. There seems to be a problem

about federal loans for college ed-ucation in this budget. Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Columbia have just raised annual fees to about \$11,000 or \$12,000 a year. Without government loans to poor and middle-class families, are these institutions going to be out of reach for everybody except the

children of the rich? A. It may be so, but these student loans are getting beyond control. In total they are now costing almost as much as a couple of modern bombers, and many have not been repaid. We think families with an annual income of \$30,000 or more should be able to finance the education of their children

without federal loans. Q. Why are you cutting aid to government employees who are

working with industry to increase U.S. exports, and cutting down the Labor Department employees who are trying to get training and jobs

for the unemployed?

A. I don't know about that.

Q. What about the charge that this budget favors the rich and hurts the poor, that you are not "comforting the afflicted and afflicting the comfortable," but the

other way around?

A. This is liberal nonsense, The poor must depend primarily on a successful free-enterprise economy for jobs, for, as George Gilder says: "A successful economy de-pends on the proliferation of the rich. Forget the idea of overcoming inequality by redistribution of the wealth."

Q. OK. But suppose you were wrong about all this, that you couldn't cut social services, double the increase in the Pentagon budget, and ended up with the highest peacetime deficits, interest and unparticular and the proof employment rates, and the poor started demonstrating in the

streets. What would you do? A. Blame the Democrats for creating the mess and not giving the Reagan economic policy a chance. After all, the Democratic Party

has no policy.

Q. And if, despite this massive increase in the defense budget, it didn't work abroad?

A. Blame it on the allies, who didn't support the president.

Q. And if the markets don't respond to the Reagan budget?

A. Blame it on Wall Street and rely on Main Street, where Mr.

Reagan is still popular.

Q. But if none of this works, is it Q. But if none of this works, is is conceivable that Mr. Reagan might switch and would reconsider

his policies?

A. It could be. Anything is conceivable with Mr. Reagan. Confidentially, even his best friends don't know from one day to another what he is going to do. He is a very flexible man. His policies may seem cruel on the poor, but Mr. Reagan doesn't mean to be cruel. He is lighthearted in a hardhearted way, without really mean-ing much of anything.
Q. But isn't all this unfair

to the poor? A. Sure. But, as Kennedy said and Mr. Reagan keeps repeating:

Life is unfair.

01982, The New York Times.

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René Bondy François Desmaisons

Richard H. Morgan

India, Angered as U.S. Grants Entry to a Sikh, Is Silent Over Russia's Barring of a Communist

New York Times Service NEW DELHI — The award of a U.S. entry visa to an Indian advo-cate of Sikh separatism and the de-nial of a Soviet visa to an Indian Communist who holds the Order of Lenin have caused indignation and raised speculation here in the last week.

The government was angered by news that Jagjit Singh Chauhan, the chief spokesman for a movement that advocates a separate homeland for the Sikh religious minority, had been allowed to enter the United States from Canada.

Foreign Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao summoned U.S. Ambassador Harry S. Barnes last weekend to convey India's displeasure that Mr. Chauhan had been allowed to enter the United States despite an earlier notifica-tion by India that his passport was no longer valid.

U.S. officials here and in Washington notified the Indian govern-ment that although Mr. Chauhan's entry had originally been blocked the objection was waived on hn-

Political Activity Ban

Mr. Rao reportedly asked why the United States had not specifically barred Mr. Chanhan from taking part in political activity, as has Canada, where Mr. Chauhan is a resident. The foreign minister was told that there was no provision under U.S. law for such a limitation.

During the meeting with the U.S. ambassador, which both sides characterized as formal, the Indian foreign minister said the U.S. decision to admit Mr. Chanhan was "a new irritant in the already strained relations between the two govern-

The case of the Soviet visa denial to S.A. Dange, a stannch pro-Soviet activist, has not drawn any official response but is regarded as a significant indicator of Soviet attitudes toward the government of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. Mr. Dange, 83, needed the visa to change planes in Moscow en route to a meeting in Havana of

U.S. immigration officials he was going to Houston for treatment of a heart problem.

the World Federation of Trade ened when Soviet dignitaries attended the first meeting of a group called the Friends of the Soviet Union, which was set up by Mrs. To some in New Delhi, this deci-Gandhi's Congress Party to seek sion appears to signal a retreat from recent Soviet policies of sup-port for the Indian government. Last antumn, Mr. Dange broke some of the patronage from Mos-cow that had previously gone to the Indo-Soviet Cultural Society, a front organization dominated by away from the Communist Party traditional Indian Communists. India to form the All India

> of the new group.
> Since then, the two major Communist factions appear to have narrowed their differences, which go back 18 years and which were aggravated in 1975 when one wing supported Mrs. Gandhi's declaration of emergency and the other opposed it. Last month, both facons backed an inconclusive national strike against government policies, apparently with some So-

> viet support. An electoral showdown between the Communists and Mrs. Gandhi's party is to take place in the next few months in West Bengal, where the Marxists control the government. At that time both sides will make claims on Moscow, and the Russians will be faced

Moslem activities.

Nevertheless, Mr. Kader con-tends that about 80 percent of the

teachers in the south are still "out-

siders" and many Moslem parents

feel that they do not provide prop-

er spiritual instruction.
"We haven't been able yet to

mander, said in a recent interview.

The Moslems must be made to

feel that they are Thais. If they want to wear their traditional

dress, let them. That's not import-

movement in the south" and that

most of the separatist groups — lacking real ideology and solid or-

ganization - are not trusted by

the majority of the conservative, rural Mosiems. Many of the

Moslems living in other parts of the country are believed to be well

integrated into the society.

"But inevitably the movement

will become stronger if the govern-

ment, which consistently supported Soviet positions on Afghanistan and Southeast Asia. This belief was further strength-



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Thailand's Moslem Minority Warns of Possible Rebellion If Government Refuses to Make 'Cultural Concessions'

By Denis D. Gray

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YALA, Thailand - Leaders of Thailand's Moslem minority group say that violence and demands for antonomy could increase if the government continues to neglect

their community's aspirations.

Thailand's Mosiems, whose numbers are estimated to be as high as 4.5 million, or about 10 percent of the population, are concentrated here in the southernmost part of the country, a region of jungles and rubber plantations.
There has been violence between

members of the Moslem and Buddhist communities, and calls by various Moslem insurgent groups in the area for creation of a separate state or merger with neighbor-ing Malaysia, which is predomi-nantly Moslem. About half the Moslem population is concentrated in four provinces in the south. The remainder is spread through-

The most widely known of the insurgent groups, the Pattani United Liberation Organization, or PULO, has been blamed for assassinations in the south and for bombings in Bangkok.

While the radical groups call for

sia, more moderate Moslems say gnage and taught children Bud-they would be satisfied with receiv-dhist concepts from textbooks that ing social justice and being treated like other Thais.

Moderates' Complaints

Mohammed Abdul Kader, a Moslem who heads the governmostem who heads the govern-ment's program for nonformal ed-ucation in Yala, and other moder-ate Mostem leaders complain that local government officials are in-variably Buddhists and that there is a commonly held assumption that only a Buddhist can be "a real Their"

The southern Thai Moslams, who are ethnic Malays, form a largely closed community. Marriages to Buddhists are rare; the older people speak little or no Thai and many see Malaysia rather than Thailand, which took over the southernmost provinces in the 18th century, as their cultural and spirimal homeland.

"We don't understand each other," Mr. Kader said of Moslems and Buddhists. Under some post-World War II Thai administrations, the official

autonomy or merger with Malay- couraged the use of the Malay lanbore no relation to their culture or surroundings. One prime minister ordered Moslem men to wear pants rather than the traditional

Communist Party, which threw its support behind Mrs. Gandhi.

Retreat From Soviet Support

Western diplomats thought that Mr. Dange had Soviet sponsorship for his action because he formed

the new party after a long visit to Moscow and Eastern Europe.

the Soviet Union had varying de-

grees of responsibility toward the two established Indian Communist

factions, which opposed Mrs. Gan-dhi's domestic policies, their fore-most obligation was to her govern-

The assumption was that while

At that time Indian analysts and

Arong Suthasasna, a Moslem professor at Bangkok's Chulalong-korn University, said he hopes that talk by government officials of making "cultural concessions" will ease tensions.

"We are moving in the same di-rection as the Philippines," says Mr. Arong, referring to Moslem rebellion in its southern provinces of that country. "But Thais are by nature more flexible. I hope this will help prevent an explosion."

Improvements Are Seen

Mr. Kader also said that there have been some improvements in the situation in recent years. He cited the the transfer of control of teachers from the Ministry of the Interior to the Education Ministry. Under the Interior Ministry's anthority, Mr. Kadar said, many of policy was to assimilate the south- the teachers were no better than ern Moslems. The government dis-police agents, coming to schools

U.S. Alters Restrictions For Russian

By Philip J. Hilts

Washingen Post Service
WASHINGTON — The deadlock between several universities
and the State Department over visits by a Soviet professor was bro-ken when the department "clarified" restrictions on the visits so the universities would accept them, according to government and university officials.

The dispute is one of several in recent months involving academic freedom and national security between the universities, particularly Stanford, and Washington. It be-gan when Stanford announced it would refuse to restrict the activi-Umnov, a specialist in computer-ized walking robots.

The University of Wisconsin had also said it would not accept the restrictions, while Ohio State University said through a spokes-man it would reduce Mr. Umnov's time on campus from six weeks to three days if the restrictions were required. An Auburn University spokesman complained about the restrictions and said Mr. Umnov would still be welcomed on his scheduled spring visit.

But Wednesday the National Academy of Sciences, which runs the U.S. Soviet exchange program, announced that the deadlock had been broken. The State Department is now expected to give final

Prof. Bernard Roth, who will be Mr. Umnov's host at Stanford if final approval for the visit is received, said "clarified" is the term being used to save face for the State Department.

The restrictions originally had said that Mr. Umnov's "program should be restricted to mechanical theory of robotic locomotion," and that "no access should be permitted to control units or program-ming techniques for robots."

Now Mr. Umnov would be allowed to see control units or programming techniques if they are unclassified and have been or will els of wheat or 39.4 bushels of be published in scientific papers or

Bernier Ditts warm



COIN OF REALM — Britain is introducing a £1 (\$1.85) coin in June, double the biggest coin in circulation. On the bottom is a new 20-pence piece, a 7-sided coin like the 50-pence piece introduced in 1967, now the largest. The £1 coin will be of a yellow metal alloy. The 20-pence piece is made of cupronickel. The £1 note is to remain in circulation.

U.S. Aide Defends Resumption of Grain Sales to Russia Officials said Wednesday that the sale, after two months of no grain purchases, raised to more than 10.9 million metric tons the

From Agency Dispatches
PHOENIX — There is nothing
wrong with selling grain to the Soviet Union when it has the money to buy it, Agriculture Secretary John R. Block said at a news conference Thursday.

"We don't have any embargo on shipments to the Soviet Union or Poland," Mr. Block said, defending the sale he announced Wednesday of 150,000 metric tons of corn to the Soviet Union. The grain represents the first reported sale by U.S. exporters since Dec. 17, which was before President Reagan imposed sanctions on the Soviet Union because of the declaration of martial law in Poland.

"The only items we're not ship-ping are sensitive or security-relat-ed," Mr. Block said. "Anybody who has each could buy it — and that includes Poland. It doesn't make any sense at all to say we're not going to sell grain to the Soviet Union when all the competing countries are going to sell it."

Time for Negotiation

He said he had no timetable on a new, long-term grain sale agree-ment with the Soviet Union but

tion between now and October. He said the present agreement could be extended. that there still is time for negotia-

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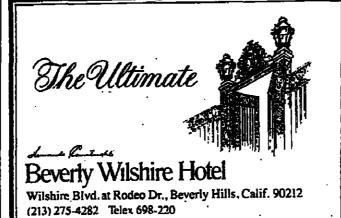
amount of U.S. grain the Soviet Union has bought for delivery in 1981-82, the sixth year of a long-term supply agreement. The break-down is 5.9 million metric tons of

wheat and 5 million metric tons of

corn. A metric ton is about 2,205 pounds and is equal to 36.7 bush-

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A Visit to an Aborigines' Camp in the Australian Outback

By Pamela G. Hollie New York Times Service

MOUNT NANCY. Australia - No one knows just how many people live in the two dozen houses that make up Mount Nan-cy, a camp established for aborigines on a slight rise in the red desert of central Australia.

The houses are open, some without windows or doors. Visitors come and go, and dogs and cats wander in and out freely.

Rita Scobie sits on the ground flattening aluminum beer cans with a rock. When she has a burlap bag full, she can get about \$20 for it. As fast as she pounds, the morning visitors to the nearby concrete house where she sleeps toss empty

beer cans her way.
"People misunderstand what they see in the camps," said Geoff Shaw, a Vietnam War veteran who lives in Mount Nancy, "What they fail to understand is that aborigines brought their tribal customs and their life style with them. Whites are 100 quick to condemn

Mount Nancy, a few miles north of Alice Springs in the center of the continent is one of many small camps established by the Austra-lian government for aborigines

who have come to towns and cities to buy back what is ours," Perkins came with the house has disap-from the outback. Shaw works for said. "It's guilt, But no other govfrom the outback. Shaw works for one of the aboriginal councils that handle liaison between the camps

intended to aid in the transition from bush to urban life. But a recent report by the government's Department of Aboriginal Affairs says the tendency of the aborigines to cling to their old ways is likely to make their assimilation unattainable.

There are 170,000 aborigines in Australia, 1.2 percent of the population. They are scattered over the country in 600 tribes speaking 200

The government has spent more than \$350 million in the last six years providing housing for abori-gines on land they once owned. "The government is helping us

Photography Scene

Photography in India, Indians Here and There, The Photographers Gallery, 8 Great Newport Street, London, to Feb. 28.

This two-part exhibition shows developments in Indian photogra-phy, as well as aspects of Indian life in Britain. Indian photography started in the 1850s and generally followed the path developed in Europe, with a few characteristics of its own. Portraiture and landscape were the main forms of the period, and the exhibit provides a rich documentary of life in India in the last century. This is carried through into the birth of modern India. The second part, commisioned by The Photographers Gallery, portrays Indians in Britain and India today through the lenses of Peter Harrap and Mark Edwards. It draws a parallel between life in the place of origin and the country of adoption, underlining Indians' capacity for integration while safeguarding tradition.

Une Autre Photographie, Maison des Arts André Malraux, Place Salvador Allende, Créteil, France, to March 20.

This exhibition, spreading over three floors and a big entrance hall, fails in its attempt to make an inventory of what the organizers consider the latest developments in experimental photography. The combination of the best and of insignificant and often outdated works misses the bond between photography and visual arts, aling exhibition.

and local governments.

Camps like Mount Nancy were

languages.
"Sixty-five percent of the aborigines have moved into the urban areas," said Charles Perkins, chairman of the Aboriginal Development Commission, one of the channels through which Australian government money reaches the tribes. In its first year the commission lent \$50 million to aborigines to buy land and housing.

such as Claude Lévêque's altar sculpture filled with gold-framed photographs or Sophie Calle's pictures of a trip to the Bronx, are of

Jacques Pugain, Canon Photo Gallery, 3 Rue Saint Léger, Geneva, to March 23.

In this black-and-white study on form, obtained by the combination of the human body and straight lines, the photographer becomes director by placing objects to de-fine and determine the body's visual dimensions. Pugain's research borders on the metaphysical, but his work is very graphic.

Toso Dabac, Arhiv TD, Ilica 17, Zagreb, Yugoslavia, to Feb. 28. A personal view of postwar developments seen by a founder of modern photography in Yugoslavia, at a time when socialist realism was destroying artistic circles around Eastern Europe. The work of Dabac, who died in 1970, is marked by a subtle use of contrast.

Raymond Depardon, Correspondence, FNAC, Forum des Halles, Paris, to Feb. 27.

Last summer's project by a Magnum photographer to send a picture a day for a month from New York to his Paris newspaper, Libération, has been been turned into a lovely book and an interest-

ernment that I know of has ever

done that." Using housing as the key to its program, the government has been able to make some progress in aborigine health, education and welfare. But it has not been able to reduce enemployment among the aborigines to much below 50 per-

The government acknowledges that communities like Mount Nan-cy, on the fringes of towns, are part of a growing problem.

There doesn't seem to be much

that we can do about it," said Peter Baume, minister for aboriginal affairs. "The fringe problem is the toughest problem we face."

In camps like Mount Nancy, aborigines have found sanctuary from the hardship of the bush. The attractions of concrete houses and welfare benefits, which can amount to \$300 a week for a family of six, have encouraged aborigines to leave rural tribes for urban

Perkins, who was born near Mount Nancy, said aborigines are caught between two worlds" in such settlements, with little to do and no skills. "They are not in-dependent," he said. "They are not productive. They are not confident."

There is no vocational training at the camps, and there are no pro-grams to teach housekeeping. In-stead of providing an incentive for aborigines to adopt the ways of non-aborigines in nearby towns, the camps have become permanent fenced compounds that are just

To many of the aborigines, Mount Nancy, although littered with beer cans, wine bottles and trash, is a comfortable place. There is no need to forage for food, to keen up the weaving art or music of the outback. Some of the inhabitants do have jobs, mostly for the government in programs for the aborigines.

The men wear Western-style shirts with fringes and cowboy hats and boots. The women wear T-shirts and jeans.

"This is a nice place," said Agnes Mathews, Mrs. Scobie's sister, comparing her lot with that of aborigines who sleep in makeshift shelters on the rocky soil along the road or in the dry riverbed of the Todd River in Alice Springs.

She has three television sets in her concrete three-bedroom house. She has no broom and no dishes, and most of the furniture that

The Brel Underground

The Associated Press BRUSSELS - One of 12 new subway stations to be opened in Brussels this year will bear the name of the Belgian-born singer
—C.G. CUPIC Jacques Brel, who died in 1978.

- canned beans and not-too-fresh

Every day neighbors stop by to visit, play cards and drink.
They broke brother's leg last night," Mrs. Mathews said, tossing another beer can to her sister.

"Two of them in a big fight, drunk. They took brother to the hospital for a plaster.

"And that one," she said, pointing across the littered roadway to the next house, where a dozen men were drinking sherry and beer. That one, still drunk. He broke brother's leg."

Giovanna Marini Reinvents 'Cantatas of Everyday Life'

By Joseph Fitchett International Herald Tribune

PARIS — Giovanna Marini, I singing what she calls her "cantatas of everyday life," is rein-venting Italian folk song. Although she is little known outside Italy, her performances in Paris have bee a word-of-mouth sensation.

tradition of contastorie, singers who recount working-class history. Dying out in the villages, the mod-ern storytellers often perform in factories and city streets.

Marmi, 44, belongs to an Italian

Marini, who is winning an inter-national following with her re-markable voice, inventive music and wryly expressed political pas-sion, says her achievement is to bring into the streets the lost instincts of the countryside. "I've learned everything from the country — how to sing even how to breathe. Cities are so badly made we're instinctively afraid to breathe in them and we forget how, until the country people remind us," she said.

She belts out songs about earthquakes, strikes, terrorism, supersti-tions -- her versions of the daily experience of many Italians. Flanked on a darkened stage by three young female singers, Marini relies only on her guitar and the quartet of extraordinary voices. She narrates, in the tradition of



Giovanna Marini

tures and occasional triumphs of her musical and political experience. Marin's songs are street po-ems reflecting her sardonic radical-Excuse me, how could I know he'd

lost his job? How could I imagine he's starved for a week?

Excuse me, for taking him in for a How could I imagine he'd die at my

Her music has a power and so-

of country music's power. ("Peas-

writing to note the rapid voice

"The way you place your voice, the tone of your voice and the openness of your vocal chords,

lated texts, "Cantate de tous les jours," has suddenly become hard

Marini is performing at the Théâtre de l'Est Parisien through Sunday, followed by a week of appearances in Paris suburbs. In May she will tour the south of

Italian storytellers, the misadven-

phistication that reflect her genius for modernizing Italy's traditions of folk song. It is the fruit of long research and experimentation (which continue today in her voice school in a working-class neighborhood in Rome).

After a middle-class urban

childhood and classical music studies, Marini turned to folk music, scouring Italy's remote corners to locate the sources of unsophisti-cated Italians' ballads. From being a folksinger — including appearances in Boston, where her now-divorced husband, a nuclear physicist, wasx working — she deter-mined to try to master the source ants still know how to sing: It's the kind of power Callas had.")
She devised a system of speed-

shifts of untrained Italians. "Unmusical" elements — strong nasal whines, choppy aggressive diction, the mixture of narration and song - could thus be brought out of Italy's countryside and used to create music from Italy's streets.

make the difference between a rich woman and a peasant," Marini explained during one of the audience discussions that often follow her performances. "The kind of voice you develop changes the kind of nessage you can project."

Marini's only record with trans-

to get because the recording house, Chant du Monde, went bankrupt

A guest's id is as important as his credit rating at Paris' luxurious new Nova-Park Elysées Hotel,

Luxury in Mauve at a Paris Hotel

New York Times Service DARIS - Le Monde called it "a triumph of Petro-Baroque." Le Nouvel Observateur described it as "Helveto-Saudian." The critic Robert Courtine said it was a "mauve-colored Roissy — and just as boring" (Roissy is the local name for Charles de Gaulle Airport).

Everyone is calling it something, which is just what its sponsors had hoped. What is it? Why, the Nova-Park Elysées, the newest and most startling luxury

A psychologist was enlisted to help choose the most erotic color schemes. The best space in the house, a triplex with its own indoor pool, is called the Thousand and One Nights. There is a library of 8,000 video cassettes that guests can summon on screens in

The six-story Nova-Park, which has 73 rooms, has been two years under construction at the intersection of rues Francois Ier and Pierre Charron, in the center of what its promoters term Paris' Golden Triangle. It is in the former headquarters of the magazine Paris Match, which moved. Only the facade of the building

Nearby are more famous and less bizarre dormitonies for the well-to-do — the George V, the Plaza Athenée and the Prince de Galles. Dior, Nina Ricci, Yves Saint Laurent and Givenchy are but a couple of checkbook lengths away.

Something Significant

Parisians sensed something significant happening in their midst when, before the botel had opened, those gadflies of gourmandise, Henri Gault and Christian Millau, conferred a 16-out-of-20 rating on the restaurant "on the basis of a number of dishes tried in the kitchen." Actually, they were going on the track record of the chef, Jacky Freon, who was lured from a restaurant, Les Célébrités, in the city's formerly most-talked-about hotel, the Nikko. Prices in the Nova-Park restaurant are in the range of \$120 for dinner for two with wine.

The Nikko, a militantly contemporary skyscraper that flies both the Tricolor and the Rising Sun, was built to cater to the endless streams of Japanese tour-ists, and its restaurant was highly praised. One small cavil: Freon was the No. 2 man at Les Célébrités; the No. 1, Joel Rubuchon, went not to the Nova-Park but to Jamin, a famous old restaurant in the 16th

The Nova-Park Elysées is the latest creation of René E. Hatt, a Zurich businessman who is reputed to have oil interests and Arab partners in his vento have oil interests and Arao parmers in his ven-tures. Hatt says he wants to "Parisianize" his guests, who are likely to find a novel by Zola or Hugo in their rooms. "That way," he said, "be they American or Arab, they will be able to make a good impression when they mingle with Parisians."

Hatt has not limited himself to the classics. He has read Jung and the existentialists and is as concerned with his queste, ide as with their credit ratings. To

with his guests' ids as with their credit ratings. To that end he has "created a psychogram for every square yard of space"; the psychogram conveys—to Hatt, at least—the impression he wants to provoke in the client's subconscious in any given location. Most of all, it means color.

The colors are mostly mauve, but also fuchsia, violet and rose. The walls, the ceilings, the carpets, the furniture and the table linens are done in combinations of those tones, with an occasional dash of orange or yellow. Said a visitor: "I felt I was in the middle of a raspberry souffié."

An expensive soufflé. Single rooms start at \$250 a ight, a small suite at \$300, a larger suite around \$500. A duplex goes for \$600 or more, a presidential suite is \$840 and a royal suite will set its happy denized back \$1,320. Finally there is the Thousand and One Nights, at \$7,000 for one of them, including the use of a Rolls-Royce.

The hotel has a disco, of course, and several bars, among them one on the top floor done in the style of an ocean liner of the 1930s. A health club is filled with high tech muscle-building apparatus and a business service center boasts secretaries, stock quotations and telex machines.

Paris is chronically short of hotel rooms, but only recently, after a hiatus of a decade, has there been any effort at improvement. Three hotels, all deluxe. have opened in the last six months: the refurbished Warwick, in the Rue Scribe, just north of the Champs Elysées; the completely renovated Scribe, near the Opera; and the Nova-Park. On March 1, a new Holiday Inn will open in the Place de la Répub-lique in the former Palais Moderne, built under Napoleon III in 1866.

Toronto, 'City of Moles,' Is Coming Up for Air Officials Decide Trend Toward Underground Malls May Have Gone Too Far

By Andrew H. Malcolm

New York Times Service TORONTO - When John Hannah leaves for his job as a stock-broker in the morning, he goes un-derground. He does not come out until after dark. And that is per-

Mr. Hannah is one of perhaps several million Canadians who can dodge their hostile northern climate on these bitter winter days by traveling, working, eating, shop-ping, dancing, reading, drinking and strolling somewhere in the vast network of underground malls that honeycomb Canada's major downtown areas.

Toronto and Montreal have the largest such systems, but Van-conver and Winnipeg also have them. Calgary, the booming oil city, has trouble with its water

By Thomas O'Toole

WASHINGTON — The Air Force will have to build a \$40-mil-

lion windscreen around it new

launch pad at Vandenberg Air Force Base in California to protect the space shuttle while it is fitted

with its huge external fuel tank.

The Air Force is constructing a

second launch complex in Califor-nia to put the shuttle into the

north-south, or polar, orbit, that

would traverse the entire surface of

the earth. Military, reconnaissance

satellites use this orbit, as do many

The shuttle cannot go into polar orbit from Cape Canaveral in Florida because of safety consider-

ations: it would have to fly over

some of the largest cities on the East Coast. From Vandenberg, it would be launched over the Pacific

In the first day of budget hearings Tuesday, Hans Mark, deputy administrator of the National Aer-

onautics and Space Administra-tion, told the House Committee on

Science and Technology that the

Vandenberg windscreen would be a massive three-sided building of

sheet metal surrounding the

A little shorter than the 200-foot

tower, the windscreen would be

United Press International

weather and scientific satellites.

Space-Shuttle Pad Requires

A \$40-Million Windscreen

table, so its indoor mall system has too well. "We don't want to bebeen built on the second floor, come a city of moles," said Steve connected by an enclosed series of McLanghlin, Toronto's Planning walkways over downtown streets.

In other cities, individual shopping centers have been built under certain structures, such as Rocke-feller Center in New York City. But Toronto's malls are connected by a vast network of tunnels and passageways, enabling citizens to meander almost two miles (three kilometers) from station to station, store to store, office to office with-

fresh air or seeing daylight.

The mails, each privately owned and encouraged by city zoning rules, were designed to relieve the packed surface sidewalks that threatened to strangle booming. Toronto's compact downtown area 15 years ago. But the plan may have worked

fastened to the tower to shield it from the gusts that could sway it while the fuel tank was being fas-

tened to the shuttle.
"It is essential if we are to pro-

vide an environmental shelter for

mating the external tank to the shuttle," Mr. Mark said.

Winds coming off the Pacific Ocean at Point Arguello, north of

Santa Barbara, where Vandenberg

is situated, average almost 9 mph year round. Gusts of 47 mph are

routine during January, February and March. That would be more

than enough to break the connec-

tions between the shuttle and the

tank and perhaps topple the tank onto the ground.

windscreen at Cape Canaveral be-cause the shuttle is mated to its

fuel tank inside the Vehicle Assem-

bly Building. There is no such building at Vandenberg.

of the windscreen was expected to

The Air Force said construction

The NASA administrator,

James M. Beggs, told the commit-

tee that the space agency had firm plans to buy four space-shuttle or-

biters and would make a decision

soon on whether to purchase a

craft. Such an accident could put a

shuttle out of operation for as long

There is no need for a

and Development Commissioner. Some downtown streets can become virtually devoid of humans and street-level commerce at times,

shriveling the kind of variety To-ronto seeks to maintain its core vitality. The city now discourages subterranean developments and is acting to modify existing facilities. "What we don't want," added Mr. McLaughlin, "is to have every-one using underground private streets, which close at 6 p.m., and

leave the outdoor streets empty of life except for a few brave souls dashing between buildings from urban fort to urban fort under the eye of skyscraper security guards."

Toronto used to pay half the cost of linking different malls with tunnels under city streets. And it encouraged new developments by not including underground floor space in zoning applications. No

longer.
Now the city requires every new building to contain ground-level retail space opening on the street. It is helping owners improve mall wall maps and signs linking the underground streets and the surface. At present there is little hint

of what lies beneath pedestrians' feet or above their heads.

The city is studying ways of

opening the underground com-piexes more to daylight, possibly through large landscaped shafts and broadened subway stairways, which, according to Mr. McLaugh-lin, now resemble "little ratholes."

David Arscott, past president of the Downtown Business Council, sees the malls as an integral part of a diverse city center designed to draw more suburban visitors downtown and attract more permanent residents to downtown housing under construction.

The underground complexes now simply serve the army of daily business commuters who pass through out of the snow from subway or train stations on their way to somewhere else.

According to Tony Narcissi, a anitor who patrols with his broad broom at one of the city's busiest car-free intersections under the Toronto-Dominion Center, lunch hour is the busiest — and trashiest — time of day underground.

"It gives me the creeps down here," said Mr. Hannah during a coffee break several stories under-ground. "So in the summer I get out for a lunch walk just to get some fresh air. There's none in

John McGregor would soon close his pipe store and head toward

Mario Montessori, 83, Dies; Directed Association Founded by His Mother

The Associated Press
AMSTERDAM --- Mario Mon-

tessori Sr., 83, a prominent figure in the educational system that bears his mother's name, died in an Amsterdam hospital Tuesday. Mr. Montessori was directorgeneral of the International Monssori Association, an Amster-

OBITUARIES

begin early next year, pending con-gressional approval. Construction is to be completed in late 1984, and the first West Coast shuttle launch is scheduled for 1985. dam-based group supervising the training of teachers for Montessori schools throughout the world.

He was the only son of Maria Montessori, the Italian-born originator of the teaching system that emphasizes the individuality of children in the learning process. She moved to the Netherlands before World War II and died here in

fifth as a backup.

NASA officials have said they Friends said Mr. Montessori were worried that a shuttle could was active in the movement until damage a nose wheel on landing, causing an accident that could serirecent weeks, but died after be-coming ill during the weekend. ously damage electronic equip-ment in the belly and nose of the

Arthur Joseph Barsky NEW YORK (NYT) - Dr. Arthur Joseph Barsky, 83, a pioneer-

ing plastic surgeon who treated Vietnamese children during the Vietnam War and victims of the Hiroshima atomic bombing died Tuesday in southern France. He lived in the village of Le Beausset and maintained an apartment in di Manhattan.

Manhattan.

The "Barsky Unit" was the name given by the Vietnamese to the Center for Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery in Saigon, which opened in July, 1969, and treated 1,200 children a year up to South Vietnam's surrender in April, 1975.

A New York native, Dr. Barsky was educated at the University of Pennsylvania and New York Medical College. He wrote "Principles and Practice of Plastic Surgery, one of the first textbooks on the subject, published about 40 years

Ronald Autry ATLANTA (AP) - Ronald Ap-

try, 60, senior chief of bureau is The Associated Press and head of the news cooperative's Atlanta office for 19 years, died Wednesday

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PARIS -- President François Mitterrand will visit Rome on Feb. 26 and 27 for talks with Italian government leaders and Pope John Paul II, the Elysee presidential palace announced Wednesday.

Mitterrand to Visit Rome

Friday, February 12, 1982 **

Toyota Reported Ready to Build Plant in U.S.

TOKYO — Toyota, Japan's largest automaker, will build a robot-operated auto plant with annual capacity of up to 250,000 cars in the midwestern United States by 1986, industry sources said Thursday.

The sources confirmed newspaper reports that Toyota's top executives met late Wednesday to hammer out the proposal that will be presented to International Trade and Industry Minister Shintaro Abe. Toyota executives made the decision because they foresee tightening of U.S. pressure on Japanese car exports, the sources said.

VW of America Makes First Rebate Offer

The Associated Press

DETROIT - Volkswagen of America, attempting to boost sales, will offer for the first time direct cash rebates to buyers of 1982 VW Rabbit sedans and pickups, the automaker has said. The \$350 offer puts VW in line with the major U.S. automakers, who have announced rebate programs in recent weeks.

Southeast Raises Florida National Banks Bid

United Press International

MIAMI - The interstate takeover battle for Florida National Banks intensifed Wednesday when Miami-based Southeast Banking Corp. announced its intention to make a \$36-a-share cash and stock offer for Florida National "as promptly as practicable."

Southeast's proposal, which is up from an earlier bid of \$32 a share, is \$6 a share under the bid made last week by Chemical of New York.

Initial Financing Set on OK Tedi Project

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HONG KONG — An initial financing accord of \$150 million for the OK Tedi Mining gold and copper development project in Papua New Guinea was to be signed Thursday, Citicorp International said as lead

The syndicated facility is for 12 years if used as a term loan under the accord's flexible options or eight years if used in the form of letters of credit, it said in a statement. Interest is on a sliding scale and will start at ½ percentage point over the London interbank offered rate, it said.

Daimler-Benz Says '81 Profit Similar to '80

STUTTGART, West Germany - Daimler-Benz said Thorsday that profit last year was similar to 1980, but it did not specify in a letter to shareholders whether it was referring to the group or parent company.

World group net profit in 1980 was 1.1 billion Deutsche marks and parent company net profit was 961 million DM. The company is due to publish full details of its 1981 results in late May.

British Telecom Reports £140 Million Profit

LONDON — British Telecom, the state owned telecommunications company, said Thursday it showed a profit of £140 million in the six months ended Sept. 30, 1981 compared with a loss of £19 million in the same period of 1980. British Telecom's income totaled £2.69 billion, up

Reagan Economic Optimism Sees Defeat of 'Stagflation'

cial markets and alarming interest-

sensitive industries such as autos

But the council expects such

problems to melt away as the rest

of the Reagan remedy takes hold.

How long the readjustment takes

will depend on how long it takes

for the markets and the public to

As Mr. Reagan's economic advisers put it, "The speed with which the economy adjusts to the

which individuals, at home and at work, believe the administration will maintain, unchanged, its basic

approach to personal and business

taxation, federal spending and reg-ulation, and monetary policy."

The greatest stress of the economic report is on the role of monetary policy. While paying lip service to the independence of the

Federal Reserve, the report lec-tures the central bank, at the Fed's

request for "public comment," on how to conduct monetary policy to

The way to do that, say the president's economists, following the argument of Milton Friedman, the

dean of monetarists, is to return to

the "contemporaneous reserve accounting" that was used before

1968, that is, to measuring the

reserves in the commercial bank-

ing system currently rather than

Considerable Fluctuation

"Under lagged reserve account

ing," the economic report said, "the amount of borrowed reserves

finetuates considerably over the short run." This, it declared, would permit greater flexibility in the dis-

count rate to give the Fed more

precise control over reserves by reducing the volatility of bank bor-

In congressional testimony Wednesday, Paul A. Volcker, chairman of the Fed, sounded ob-

liging about making the change in

reserve accounting, but he ex-pressed his doubts that it would do

any good.
The council's report was not

lacking in implied criticism of the administration's policies, especial-ly the huge projected deficits. The

report observed that while, theoretically, restrictive monetary policy could achieve price-level stability regardless of fiscal policy.

"as a practical matter, however, re-

ducing the growth of government spending and reducing deficits in the federal budget will help to strengthen the belief that anti-inf-

make it less volatile.

with a two-week lag.

the administration's de-

By Leonard Silk New York Times Service

NEW YORK - In the face of evidence that the recession still is deepening, President Reagan and his economic advisers are predicting that the economy will turn around and grow strongly and in-flation will slow in the second half

termination to hold to its an-The rationale behind this forecast, as detailed in the economic report written by the president's council of Economic Advisers, is that the administration has found administration's policies will be largely determined by the extent to the solution to the major economic

NEWS ANALYSIS

problem that has dogged the United States and the rest of the industrial world for the past decade — "stagflation," the mixture of economic stagnation with high uncurployment and high inflation.

The basic solution, as proposed in the report, is the administration's well-advertised two-way which combines strict control of the growth of the money supply to cure inflation with huge

tax cuts to cure stagnation. The report attempts to demonstrate that "what some people refer to as 'monetarism' and 'supply-side' economics should be seen as two sides of the same coin -- compatible and necessary measures to both reduce inflation and increase

mic growth." Half of that remedy, Murray L. Weidenbaum, chairman of the council, asserted at a news conference Wednesday, before the report was made public, has been working well: Inflation has declined from 10.4 percent a year in the fi-nal quarter of 1980 to 8.6 percent for all of 1981.

Skeptics Acknowledged

The president's economists are aware that there is skepticism financial markets and around the country about whether Reaganom-ics has delivered the goods as advertised — unemployment has climbed far higher than expected, Directe budget deficits are far bigger than forecast by the administration ear-**Hother** ly last year and interest rates, which fell late last year, have been rising again, disturbing the finan-

S. Africa Imposes 10% Import Levy

CAPE TOWN - South Africa has imposed a 10-percent surcharge on all imports, except those subject to the General Agreement on Tarrifs and Trade, with immediate effect, Finance Minister Owen P.F. Horwood told Parlia-

ment Thursday.
Mr. Horwood said this will bring in about 550 million rand (\$558 million) in a full year and 100 million in the current year to March 31. The surcharge will be phased out as soon as circum-

stances permit, he added. He said the general sales tax will be increased to 5 percent from 4 percent, effective March 1 and will raise about 600 million rand in the 1982-83 financial year. South Africa had a record deficit in its current account of 4 billion rand in

BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS Allied, Continental Bid \$714 Million for Supron

New York Tones Service

NEW YORK - Moving further into the oil and gas business, Allied Corp. and the Continental Group have agreed to buy, as equal partners, Supron Energy of Dallas for \$35 a share, or \$714 million in cash. An Allied spokesman, Christina Pagano, said Wednesday that the mnounced price represented only the 20.4 million shares in public hands. And Donald J. Donahue, vice chairman of Continental, said that executive stock options would also be purchased, lifting the price to

more than \$775 million. He said that the two companies would also assume Supron debts of \$50 million to \$55 million, thus making the overall price about \$825

The Allied spokesman later said that the \$825 million figure was "OK." Supron shares were trading at \$30.50 a share on Tuesday when the American Stock Exchange halted activity in the stock. More than half of the funds to pay for the company would come from

bank loans to be repaid directly from Supron's own oil and gas production, Mr. Donahue said. Both acquiring companies have recently changed their corporate names — from Allied Chemical and Commental Can — to reflect the rapid diversification of their

In a statement announcing the terms, Edward L. Hennessy Jr., chairman of Allied, and S. Bruce Smart Jr., chairman of Continental, said that an Allied subsidiary would first buy Supron and then transfer Supron's oil and gas prop-erties to an Allied-Continental

Union Texas Petroleum, an Ailied unit, and Florida Exploration, a Continental unit, would control Supron equally.

The Allied unit will offer to pay \$35 a share for 16.1 million, or about 79 percent, of Supron's subject to getting at least 11.1 million shares. Remaining shares will be exchanged at that price if the merger goes through.

In a statement last summer, Mr. Hennessy said that Allied would commit \$2 billion in capital spend-ing for its energy subsidiary over the next five years, noting, "We the next five years, noting, "We want oil and gas to grow, but we want our other businesses to grow faster." Mr. Hennessy could not be reached Wednesday, but Allied's spokesman said that the position emained unchanged.

She added that Allied needed more domestic income to take advantage of investment tax credits and thus help cut its tax rate, and that Supron would allow Allied to do this by increasing its domestic

some time had been to onset its slow-growing packaging opera-tions by diversifying into faster-growing industries, including in-surance, in 1977, and oil and gas in 1979, when it purchased Florida Gas for \$340 million.

One advantage of the Supron venture, be said, was to "bring pro-ducing revenue more in balance"

On Wednesday Mr. Bro with the company's already large Commerce Secretary Malcolm Bal-

reserves amounted to 166 million said that it would be a mistake to barrels of oil and 1.95 billion cubic feet of gas. Continental said that any country or bloc. its share of Supron would increase its reserves by 170 percent, double its production and increase its un-



Karl Otto Põhl

Brock Says EEC Farm Aid Is Becoming 'Intolerable'

WASHINGTON — The burden placed on the United States by the avy agricultural subsidies of its European trading partners is be-coming "intolerable," U.S. trade representative William Brock said Thursday.

Mr. Brock said in Senate testimony that the EEC spent \$14.4 billion in 1980 - nearly twice the amount spent four years earlier on farm price supports and export

The payments help European farmers sell their products on the world market even though they cannot produce them as cheaply as their U.S. counterparts.

The EEC "has chosen to undertake a costly series of programs, and then the effect is to shift the burden to other countries," Mr. Brock told the Senate Finance subcommittee on international trade. This burden is becoming intoler-

Brock cited a Michigan State University study that showed that in 1981, the subsidies given Western European farmers to make their exports competitive cost U.S. farmers 50 cents a bushel for wheat. For 1982, the figure would be 35 cents a bushel.

Sen. John Danforth, a Missouri Republican and the subcommittee chairman, said fourth-quarter U.S. agricultural exports in 1981 inoil and gas holdings.

Mr. Donahue of Continental said that company strategy for some time had been to offset its agricultural exports in 1981 increased 9 percent, but their value rose by only 4 percent. "It is clear that our farmers, who are the most competitive and productive in the world, are exporting more and receiving less," Danforth said.

Mr. Brock said the United

States might seek a ruling from a neutral panel under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade if

On Wednesday Mr. Brock and exploration effort."

Supron placed its reserves at 8.3 million barrels of oil and 475 bilmillion barrels of oil and 475 bilmillion barrels of oil and 475 billion cubic feet of gas as of Dec. 31, and is fighting European and 1981.

Canadian discrimination as well. Allied said its Union Texas But in demanding "equity," they resort to bilateral sanctions against

Mr. Baldrige and Mr. Brock said that they are confident the Japadeveloped acreage by 75 percent. new commitment to open up its

reluctance to introduce numbered

accounts has been the attitude of

Indonesia, diplomats said. In par-

ticular, there was a court case over

\$35 million deposited in Singapore by an official of Indonesia's state-

Achmad Thahir, a close aide to

the former president-director of Pertamina, Gen. Ibnu Sutowo,

owned oil company, Pertamina.

ber of non-tariff barriers.

free trade" in his annual economic ssage to Congress Wednesday. Elaborating on that theme, the Council of Economic Advisers in its own report went out of its way to warn against pressures to retali ate against other countries' protec-tionist steps, or to subsidize U.S.

with any single country.

Both Mr. Brock and Mr. Balthe Japanese market, especially in attention in Congress as a way of the U.S. trade deficit with Japan,

Japan's recent lifting of 67 nontariff harriers was welcome, but of minimal significance, both officials said. They hinted, however, that Japan is prepared to take further actions that are more meaningful. "I am absolutely confident that we are going to get equity from the Japanese. I think we need each other badly," Mr. Brock said.

New York Times Service

markets to foreign goods, despite a

disappointing first step taken last week when Tokyo dropped a num-President Reagan reiterated "my

The report said these pressures "reflect a troublesome neomercantilist' view" inconsistent with the administration's goal of "less, not more, government interference in the marketplace." And the council cautioned against becoming "un-duly preoccupied" with deficits

drige admitted that U.S. companies, despite great effort, had made little headway so far in penetrating high-technology items. Both endorsed the concept of "reciprocal treatment," which is gaining new enforcing "fairness" in international trade. Mr. Brock said that \$16 billion in 1981, could approach \$25 billion this year.

Pöhl Assails Reagan Budget Head of Bundesbank Sees 'Fateful Dilemma' in Deficits

By John Tagliabue

BONN - In a clear signal of Western European dismay with Reagan administration budget plans, the head of West Germany's central bank indicated serious apprehension Thursday that huge impending U.S. government deficits might present the Reagan administration with a "fateful dilemma" that could jeopardize recovery of the world economy.

In a speech in Hamburg, Karl Otto Pöhl, the Bundesbank president, said he "hoped those critics were wrong" who said soaring U.S. defense spending coupled with massive tax cuts might generate budget delicits that could "confront the United States with a fateful dilemma, namely of having to choose between extremely high interest rates and an acceleration of

"Not only the U.S. economy would be hit by that," Mr. Poul continued, "but the entire world

Echoing Mr. Pöhl's concern, lgium's finance minister, Willy de Clercq, the present head of the EEC's Finance Committee, said in Brussels that U.S. anti-inflationary monetary policy coupled with the prospect of towering deficits used increasing apprehension in

Western Europe.

And from London it was reported that Sir Geoffrey Howe, Brit-ain's chancellor of the Exchequer, told Parliament that U.S. interest rates have "a very powerful effect" on British rates and added, "We cannot do more than a little to offset that."

Sir Geoffrey added that "it is equally important for our country and other countries of Europe to make plain to the U.S. our concern about the level of their prospective budget deficit and its implications for interest rates around the

[Federal Reserve Board Chairman Paul A. Volcker said Thursday the projected fiscal 1983 and 1984 budget deficits pose "a major point of hazard for financial markets" both now and in the future, Reuters reported from Washing-

[Mr. Volcker said he is not so much concerned about the \$99-billion deficit projected for this recessionary year but about projected large deficits in years when economic recovery is expected.]

Mr. De Clercq said the finance ministers of the 10 EEC member states will meet in Brussels on Monday to discuss ways of coordi-

nating their reaction to U.S. poli-Western European finance ministers have been making increased

efforts in recent months to coordinate interest rate policies in an attempt to reduce European lending rates as far as possible to stimulate business borrowing and counter mounting unemployment. In the latest such move, the

Bank of France money market intervention rate was cut Thursday to 1414 percent from 1414 percent. Mr. Pöhl said U.S. success in

battling inflation, and the prob-lems caused by high lending rates within the U.S. economy, particularly in the housing sector and among small businesses, suggested until recently that U.S. interest rates might be coming down.

But he said, "after the most recent news from the United States, I've become rather skeptical in this

Mr. Pöhl said talks between the United States and Western Europe pursued the goal of "using ever available means in the world to reduce lending rates, without at the same time surrendering in the battle against inflation."

It would be useful, he said, if Europe could convince the United States that the common goal could be achieved by means that would eliminate "erratic interest rate fluctuations that repeatedly expose financial markets, not only in the

U.S., to unnecessary shocks. Germany's current account will be in balance in 1982 or even show a small surplus. The current account showed a provisional deficit of 17.5 billion Deutsche marks in

He defended Bundesbank policy against charges that its monetary olicy was partly responsible for rising unemployment and sluggish growth in the country.

Mr. Pohl said that more domestic growth and lower unemployrestoring West Germany's "un-challenged" external economic po-

He added that the Bundesbank did not expect big strides toward creating a European Monetary Fund that would assume central bank functions in the European Monetary System, nor an expansion in the use of the European

New York Stock Prices Slip On Interest Rate Concerns

From Agency Dispatche NEW YORK - Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed lower Thursday under the weight of persistent trader concerns over budget deficits and high interest

The Dow Jones industrial average, which gained 6.09 points Wednesday, was down 1.99 points to close at 834.67. The average opened fractionally lower and flucnated narrowly on the downside throughout the session. It lost points Monday and 2.86 points Tuesday.
Volume on the NYSE was 46.73

million shares, compared with 46.62 million traded Wednesday. Analysts said traders were reacting to Federal Reserve Chairman

Paul Volcker's warning Thursday that President Reagan's proposed budget deficits are a hazard to financial markets. Salomon Brothers said Thursday that its economists believe that the deficit of \$91.5 billion forcast

for fiscal 1983 will be "significant-The economists, led by chief

economist Henry Kaufman, said this is because the assumed rapid acceleration in economic activity is unlikely to materialize.

The bond and stock markets are mesmerized by interest rates and the budget deficits," Dean-Witter Reynolds executive Robert Stovall said. "And the competitionof bond yields is too much to en-able stocks to launch a significan:

The federal funds rate banks charge each other for short-term loans was up around the 16 per-cent level, but the bond market was bolding firm with traders calling the high charge an "aberration" before the holiday weekend.

The Commerce Department said Thursday that U.S. business inventories fell \$2.09 billion, or 0.4 per-cent, to \$513.08 billion in Decem-ber. The December drop followed an increase of 0.7 percent in November and left inventories 8 percent higher than a year earlier.

In corporate news, International Business Machines Thursday announced an addition to its Series-1 line of small business computers.



What makes TDB exceptional? Our bank in New York, for example.

Republic National Bank of New York - the 29th largest bank in the U.S., in terms of deposits, and still moving up. In fact, our New York subsidiary is one of the fastest growing banks in America

TDB banks continue to grow because, quite simply, we serve our dients exceptionally well. And we do that in a number of ways. To begin with, at TDB we

concentrate on the things we do best, such as trade and export financing, foreign exchange and banknotes, money market transactions and precious metals.

Secondly, our clients benefit from TDB's worldwide network of affiliates and correspondent banks. This includes not only the major financial centers, such as New York, London and Paris, but also a number of less familiar places, where our exceptional knowledge of local conditions can be an important advantage for clients. What's more, we keep our back-

office systems running abreast of our business. You may not notice this directly, but it shows up in quicker decisions and fewer errors. So if you require exceptional

banking facilities in the U.S., or most of

the world's other financial centers, TDB Group banks are ready to serve you.

TDB Holding Group: US\$ 10.4 billion in axets: US\$887 million in capital and loan funds employed, as of June 30, 1981.

Group banks: Genera, London, Paris, Luxembourg, New York (Republic National Bank of New York), Athens, Buenos Aires, Chiano, George Town, Hong Kong. Los Angeles, Miami, Monte Carlo, Montevideo. Nassau, Panama City. Punta del Este. Santiago de Chile, Singapore. Representative offices: Beirut, Caracas, Frankfurt, Mecico City. Rio de Janeiro. São Paulo, Tokvo.



Trade Development Bank

Shown at left, head office of Republic National Bank of New York, U.S. subsidiary of the Trade Development Bank Holding Group. The 29th largest bank in the United States, ranked by order of deposits, Republic is one of America's fastest growing financial institutions.

Singapore Poised to Allow Numbered Bank Accounts Introduction of numbered ac counts would probably doom at-tempts to conclude a U.S.-Singa-SINGAPORE - Intent on conporean tax treaty, the economist The main reason for Singapore's

solidating its reputation as the "Switzerland of the East," Singapore is considering measures to allow banks to offer customers se-According to diplomats and

banking sources, the government is expected to announce the measures in a budget message at the end of this month or in early For the past few months, government planners have been study-ing proposals to allow numbered

accounts, and foreign banking ex-perts have been approached about how the accounts operate, the sources said. However, the govern-ment says the issue has yet to be decided formally. While such a measure might attract more money to Singapore's already well-developed and highly

secretive offshore banking system, diplomats said, it risks offending this tiny city-state's neighbors, notably Indonesia. In addition, the U.S. Internal Revenue Service is known to be unhappy about the

IRS agents in Singapore refused to comment publicly, but a well-informed economist noted that the service "has been after Singapore for years" to provide information on IRS suspects.

made a series of helty deposits be-fore his death in 1976. The dispute arose when his wife tried to with-draw some of the money. The oil company stepped in, arguing that the money was acquired through corruption and should be returned.

The case remains unresolved. Some experts feel that numbered accounts would anyway have a marginal effect, since only about 15 percent of the approxi-mately \$85 million in Singapore's officially designated offshore cur-rency units belongs to individuals. Moreover, with existing bank

secrecy laws, numbered accounts

are not really needed, some offi-

cials believe. They say the effect is

mainly psychological, to make a depositor feel safer. **CURRENCY RATES**

Interbank exchange rates for Feb. 11, 1982, excluding bank service charges.

SPECURITIES DESIGNATION STRICT-TITE-	IUISIDOUK SYCHOLIBE LOSES TOLLEDE LLY LLOSS CHEEREN 2	
lationary policies will be main- tained." The president's economists, who reportedly campaigned behind the scenes for increases in excise taxes, did not venture specifically to criti- cize the large deficits the president is projecting for the next three years, and they do not imply a de-	Presents (a) 40.36 74.473 17.0143 37.53 37	S.F. D.K. 134.61 * 33.445* 212275
sire to reduce or delay the huge personal and business tax cuts or the buildup in military spending that will contribute to the deficit in 1983 and the "out years." The council is, in fact, counting on the scheduled cut in taxes in the middle of this year and the military buildup to help push the economic recovery along. But at the	Equity. Currency U.S.5 Equity. 1,0677 Austration 1,05173 0,8577 Israeli shekel 17,945 (0,675) 5466 (0,675) 5	Per U.S.S SUPPORT S 2.1125 SUPPORT S 1.125 SUP

The continuing policy of Lonrho is to build the widest geographical spread of active subsidiaries, thereby balancing and protecting the interests of the shareholder who has chosen to invest through the Company. Over the last twenty-one years this has brought a thirty-fivefold increase in earnings per share, substantially outpacing

The balance sheet is healthy and assets employed in the Group have increased by 23 per cent. to £1,045

Total net borrowings, excluding those relating to our confirming business, have remained at 34 per cent. of total assets employed, which is the same as last year. At the year end cash balances were £136 million. Net current assets stood at £143 million. With acquisitions and the growth of existing businesses, we are now employing 150,000 people. Group turnover was £2,500 million, and profit before tax £121 million.



We have made three major purchases since my last Review. In July we bought 50% of Kühne & Nagel, one of the world's biggest cargo, warehousing and forwarding businesses. Towards the close of the year "The Observer", a Sunday newspaper published in London, was acquired by our publishing subsidiary, George Outram and Co., from Atlantic Richfield of California. We also bought out our partner in Princess Properties International, Mr. D. K. Ludwig of New York, and now wholly own the finest resort hotel in the world, the Acapulco Princess, and its sister hotels.

For the first time we have had to bow to the recession of the economy in Britain and curtail operations at the wholly owned steel making subsidiary, Hadfields, after carrying prolonged and heavy trading and extraordinary losses amounting to £26 million. This has, of course, significantly reduced the net profit after tax in the current year, but you will be glad to read later in this Review that Hadfields continues in business as Britain's only independent steel maker to the dropforging industry, and is now

Shareholders will have been puzzled at the decision by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission not to recommend that Lonrho's bid for the House of Fraser be allowed to proceed normally. The Commission decided that the bid was, on the whole, not in the public interest, although by a previous decision in 1979 they cleared the way for Lonrho to build up a 30% bid stake in the equity of House of Fraser. On the other hand, the national Press and the financial Press are unanimous in saying that the Report does not present an adequate argument against our making a bid, and that the House of Fraser shareholders should be allowed to take the decision themselves. We are moving to resolve the stated objections of the Commissioners.

Mining

Metal prices were weaker during the year but higher output helped to offset some of the effect on profits. Total Group gold production was increased to 382,000 ounces. A new gold mine was established at Klipwal which will increase our total gold production still further next year.



Good progress has been made with construction work at Eastern Gold Holdings, a major new gold mine in partnership with the Anglo American Corporation. A subsidiary holds a 36% interest in this important venture. Production plans have now been revised upwards to an eventual

390,000 ounces of gold annually. Last year I referred to plans to exploit a second higher-grade platinum reef. Construction of the new plant for treating this ore is nearing completion and a large increase in production of platinum group metals above the current level of 134,000 ounces is consequently expected from March 1982. Arrangements for refining and selling the additional platinum group metals are largely complete.

Our collieries increased sales by 14% to new record levels of 3 million tonnes of bituminous coal and 602,000 tonnes of anthracite. Construction work on our new anthracite mine has made good progress and output of 600,000 tonnes is projected.

We continue to search for new mining properties. Prospecting has been directed toward precious metals, coal, diamonds and industrial

Agriculture and Ranching Due to the strong price of sugar during the early part of the year and

The continuing policy of Lonrho is to build the widest geographical spread of active subsidiaries

R.W. Rowland, Chief Executive

an increase in overall production to over 400,000 tonnes from 65,000 acres, the contribution to profits was substantially ahead of last year and an all-time record.

Both our sugar mills in Malawi and the large factory in Swaziland were working at full capacity. The new sugar project in Benin, in which we have an equity interest and for which we have the management contract, is well advanced and the factory is now being built. We also own three sugar mills in Mauritius.

The success achieved by our operations in irrigated sugar cane in Africa, and especially in the recent Kenana and Dwangwa projects, is becoming appreciated worldwide and consultancy contracts have been offered to us in several new areas including Brazil.

In Zambia we have one of the largest farming companies in the country, which this year grew and sold many thousands of tons of maize, potatoes, wheat and onions, as well as selling cattle and pigs, and supplying some 7 million eggs for the Lusaka

In Kenya we have a fully integrated agricultural operation stemming from wattle and its derivatives of tanning extract, charcoal and wood preservative, together with extensive arable farming and ranching activities. All organic waste, straw, feedlot manure and waste wood are utilised in a successful mushroom farm producing 500 tonnes per annum and calling for advanced biological techniques, including spawn



The Sucoma Sugar Mill, Malaŵi

In Zimbabwe we grow coffee, wattle and pines, and run several large herds of beef cattle. The Group's total herd averages 100,000 head, with sales of 20,000 a year.

The Group's were affected by poor weather conditions and the final harvest was the lowest for some years at 4 million

Hotels

1981 represented another excellent year for Princess Properties International, of which Lonrho now owns 100%, having recently acquired the remaining 50% interest.

The Princess Group is pursuing opportunities for worldwide expansion and taking advantage of the excellent reputation it enjoys in the tourist

industry. The new tower addition to the Acapulco Princess will be completed and operational by the late summer of 1982. Additional land has been purchased in Mexico City to complete the hotel and office block site on the magnificent Paseo de la Reforma, and it will represent the most valuable

construction site in Mexico. In the United Kingdom, another poor tourist year has affected the results of our hotels. The modern Birmingham Metropole Hotel achieved a higher profit than forecast, and gained a new record of over six hundred conferences and exhibitions. We are still the foremost Conference and Exhibition Hotel Group in the country, and the continued improvements carried out by our wholly owned builders, Fassnidge Son & Norris, will help to ensure that we

retain that position. The Casino division has grown in the past year under strict management supervision and, when all improvements have been completed. should contribute significantly to your Group's profits.

Motors

As importer for Volkswagen/Audi motor vehicles, our subsidiary V.A.G (United Kingdom) had a successful year and has surpassed previous figures. It has been a year in which they achieved the highest-ever vehicle sales figure of 83,330 units. With a 5-5% share of the U.K. car market, it became the leading importer of

European cars. We are confident that this trend will continue through 1982.

We also own numerous motor retailing outlets in the United Kingdom through which we sold 20,000 vehicles during the year and increased our share of the British Leyland car market to 5-6%.

We are sole distributors in Britain of Deutz tractors, Fahr agricultural machinery and Taarup mowers, which are proving to be most successful.

Jack Barclay, the world's largest distributor of Rolls-Royce and Bentley motor cars, once again made a significant contribution to the results of our motor retailing division. The new Rolls-Royce Silver Spirit, introduced last year, has been well

Jack Barclay European has just completed a full year as Volkswagen/Audi dealers. It has made an encouraging contribution to their main business of servicing their customers' Rolls-Royce and Bentley motor cars.



The Volkswagen Golf and Audi Coupe

In East and Central Africa, our motor division suffered from a severe curtailment of import permits due to lack of foreign exchange. In Nigeria we had record sales of 77,500 Yamaha motorcycles and we continued to distribute Mercedes commercial vehicles and Volkswagen motor cars. Overall we sold 216,315 motor vehicles throughout the Group.

Clearing, Forwarding, Warehousing and Cargo

As an international trading company we clear, forward and warehouse on our own behalf. The acquisition of a 50% interest in Kühne & Nagel gives us international capability, with very valuable overseas connections and traditions.

Kühne &

profitable

and rich in

potential,

Lonrho into

20 countries

previously

where we had

taking

Nagel is both



not been represented.

They have 300 offices worldwide, and almost a century of experience. John Holt Shipping Services, the

leading air cargo handling agents in Nigeria, achieved a record profit increase of 300%.

Aircraft

Our Beechcraft dealership in Africa



During the year we secured from Gates a franchise for Learjet. The Group owns or leases a total of 30 aircraft, including a Gulfstream 11 and 3 Boeing 707's.

Textiles

Despite the depressed condition of the textile industry, Lonrho Textiles has managed to hold its market position and the "Accord" range is now firmly established as a major brand of co-ordinated bed linen. The Brentfords chain of shops, which aims at a mass market, was expanded during the financial year and by the year-end 56 shops were open, with

three more near completion. Our Lancashire based David Whitehead textile operations have been re-organised and continue to trade profitably. The John Barnes division currently exports 50% of its knitted fabric production to the motor trade in Europe.



Our textile companies in Africa have again had a very successful year. In Malawi, David Whitehead increased their production of woven cloth by 17% to 34 million yards, while sales in both the domestic and export markets remained buoyant. An important programme of capital expenditure involving the purchase of over 60 new looms is currently in hand in Zimbabwe.

YEAR AT A GLANCE	1981	1980
Turnover	£2,456-6m	£2,100-7m
Profit before tax	£120-6m	£119-1m
Profit attributable to Shareholders before extraordinary items	£38-1m	£45-0m
Net-assets per share	186p	1710

Balance Sheet at 30 September 1981

	1701	1700
	£m	£m
FUNDS EMPLOYED		
Share capital	65-46	65-22
Reserves	422.71	381-44
Equity interest	488-17	446-66
Minority interests		
Princess Properties International*	99-21	65-16
Other minority interests	113-89	86-16
Deferred tax	·75	-53
- .	702-02	598.51
Loans	342-87	249-80
	1,044-89	848-31
ASSETS EMPLOYED .		
Fixed assets	669-48	· 539·86
Associates	189-09	137-13
Investments	43-38	24-69
Net current assets	142-94	146-63
	1,044-89	848-31
*The minority interest in Princess Property	ties International w	ras acquired on

2 December 1981 for a purchase consideration of £52.30m, giving a surplus on acquisition of £46-91m which will be credited to reserves.

Printing and Publishing After consideration by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. Outrams acquired "The Observer" newspaper which is one of the oldest and most respected national Sunday newspapers in the United Kingdom. The Observer is a valuable addition to our newspaper interests, which are extensive in Scotland. As a result of this acquisition, we are glad to have the previous owners, Atlantic Richfield of California, as a 20% partner in Outrams.

Outrams, publishers of the "Glasgow Herald" and "Evening Times", had a double success in winning first prize in the 'Newspaper Design Awards' for the best designed morning and evening papers in the United Kingdom. During the year, they also started a new Sunday paper, the "Sunday Standard", the first major newspaper to be launched in Scotland in the past 60 years. The profitability of the newspaper industry has been badly affected by increased newsprint costs and reduced advertising revenues and Outrams have suffered accordingly.



Our provincial newspapers group, Scottish & Universal Newspapers, continue to do well in a difficult market and have launched a number of new free distribution newspapers during the year, bringing the combined circulation to over 578,000 copies a

In the United Kingdom our printing companies have continued to invest in new technology for the years ahead.

Our wholly owned subsidiary, Harrisons, printers of postage stamps to many governments, have a new contract with the British Post Office to print substantially all their postage stamps for a further five year term. Harrisons

associated with the Royal Wedding stamp have now been British Post Office for over half a century.

Daniel Greenaway & Sons, financial and security printers, completed in November 1981 its investment in the most advanced computerised phototypesetting system currently available. Our Report and Accounts this year have been produced on the new system, considerably speeding up the time normally taken to prepare and print.

The performance of our printing and newspaper companies in Africa has generally been satisfactory, although Printpak in Kenya has made

Export Confirming and Broking

High interest and wide fluctuations in international exchange rates have affected the performance of the international financing operations of Balfour Williamson, whose profits were slightly down on last year.

John Holt's export confirming with West Africa has improved with turnover increased by 50% to £81 million after several years in the doldrums.

Our cotton broking firm has traded satisfactorily, handling 44,000 tonnes in a subdued market.

Property

With our wholly owned subsidiaries, London City & Westcliff Properties and A.V. P. Properties, Lonrho owns a portfolio of commercial and industrial properties in England and France which has a value of £65

The gross rental income from these properties is in excess of £5 million and has increased by 9% in the year.

Department Stores

We continue to hold 30% of the House of Fraser department store chain, worth £72 million at current share prices. I outlined the present position in my opening remarks, and I assure you that we will act reasonably and resolutely to bring about a sensible conclusion.

Wines, Spirits and Beers

Whyte & Mackay, Scotland's most popular blended whisky, increased its sales by 21% in the United Kingdom. The John Holt Wine group in the United Kingdom had sales of nearly £70 million. Within this group, Ashe and Nephew now operate 313 offlicences, and during the year the subsidiary Jones of Spennymoor began bottling "7-UP" for the Tyne Tees area. The vineyards in the Bordeaux area, Châteaux Rausan-Segla, Smith-Haut-Lafitte, La Garde, de la Tour and Olivier, and our shippers, Louis Eschenauer, are in good heart, and the 1981 vintage will

be a good one. An important occasion in the Bordeaux wine trade is the "Fête de la Fleur" which was for the first time held in the Graves district and the venue chosen was your own vineyard Château Smith-Haut-Lafitte, a signal honour.

in Malawi our breweries produce a traditional African beer which is low in alcohol and high in protein, and sold nearly 13 million gallons. It is planned to build two new breweries to cater for the increasing local demand. The Group also operates a further 17 traditional breweries in partnership with African Governments.

In Nigeria John Holt's Pepsi Cola plant at Kano doubled its profit in its second full year of production at almost half a million cases of Pepsi Cola a month. A second plant came into production during the year at

Our Coca Cola bottling plant in Zambia has had a satisfactory year.

Engineering, Steel and **Manufacturing**

The trading results of our United Kingdom engineering companies were over-shadowed by the problems at Hadfields in Sheffield. Hadfields are in direct competition with the Government owned British Steel Corporation, which immediately following the steel strike in 1980, supported by Government subsidies, embarked upon a programme of price cutting to win back the market share they had lost.

Proposals for the rationalisation of the engineering steels sector were made by British Steel Corporation in March 1981. However, acceptance of these proposals would have meant the total closure of Hadfields and the loss of 2,600 jobs; proposals which your Board considered cruel. It was ineretore decided to start our own re organisation of the company which was completed in June, and since then Hadfields has been making a contribution to Group profits. The losses which we absorbed before making these cuts were very considerable. We have had no financial or other help from the Government.

The Firsteel Group were profitable in the year, with Lightfoot Refrigeration achieving a fine return. Demand for domestic and office

furniture and stainless steel sinks remained at a low level for most of the year. However, a small but welcome increase was evident in the final quarter and this trend has continued into the current

Hopkinson Our plumbing factors, continued

to expand. Our engineering and manufacturing companies in Zimbabwe continue to go from strength to strength. W. Dahmer and Zambesi Coachworks are two of the country's leading bus, truck and coach-builders, whilst Crittall-Hope manufacture windows and door frames. In Nigeria we sold 10,000 outboard engines and built 600 glassfibre workboats.

Pipeline

The Trans-Mozambique pipeline is now ready to operate. During the 1981 dry season, some 80 km of damaged pipe were lifted and repaired or replaced. Negotiations are taking place with the Government of Zimbabwe on the tariff and appropriate revisions of the Concession Agreement and agreement in principle has been reached with the Government of Mozambique.

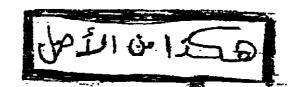
Conclusion

I know you join the Board in appreciating the hard work and initiative of so very many people who work for Lonrho, and who have built up the strength of the Company to the point where we can yet again be proud in presenting the balance sheet to you. We look forward to next year's problems and successes and we hope you will stay with us as a shareholder!

The seventy-third Annual General Meeting of Lonrho Limited will be held at the Great Room, Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London, W.I. on Friday, 2 April, 1982, at 12 noon.



Lonrho Limited, Cheapside House, 138 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6BL The text is taken from the Chief Executive's Review contained in the 1981 Report and Accounts which will be published in late-February. Copies will be available from The Secretary, Lonrho Limited, Cheapside House, 138 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6BL.



TV-Tube Plant's Closing Illustrates W. German Electronics Squeeze

By John Tagliabue
New York Times Service

ULM, West Germany — Faded and sagging banners with the word "strike" in German, Turkish and Italian - the languages of the 1,700 people who work here — are all that remain of a protest last month against a decision by Thomson-Brandt, the French electrical company, to close a factory it says is

losing \$30 million a year. The closing of the sprawling one-story building where Videocolor, a Thomson-Brandt enterprise, manufactures 22- and 26-inch television picture tubes illustrates the slippage in West Germany's once strong electrical industry and the deep penetration of Far Eastern manufacturers into European radio, television and high fidelity.

Indeed, West Germany's domestic television makers - including Telefunken, Grundig and Siemens have been fighting a rear-guard action for years as the rising cost of products made in high-wage West German factories put a squeeze on profits.

The Rising Yen

Analysts say West German production of color television tubes is typical of what ails the consumer electronics industry at Thomson-Brandt and elsewhere. Production is fragmented at factories that turn out too few tubes to achieve the economies of scale needed to compete effectively with less expensive imports from the Far East.

Last year, despite the yea's sharp rise against most European currencies, prices for 22-inch picture tubes made in Japan dropped 18 percent, helping lift Japanese shipments to Europe to 3.8 million tubes.

Japan supplied roughly 34 percent of the picture

Ford might have to "change our

Speaking at a press conference Wednesday, Mr. Caldwell said

Shintaro Abe, minister of interna-

tional trade and industry, whom he met Wednesday, agreed with

him that Japanese automakers should invest in the United States

to create jobs and reduce trade

He said that even after volun-

At present it is practically impossi-

ble, because of the international

conjuncture, for even the most

renowned experts to evaluate the

best choice of investment, even on

You are expecting incoming mon-ies or receiving interest payments and, therefore, facing a difficult

To renew your existing invest-

To select a new kind of invest-

Apart from standard investments

(such as metals, stocks, bonds, bank acceptances) you should give

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An exceptional worldwide acceptance of these standard

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tary Japanese restraints on car ex-

logistics to compete successfully."

TOKYO — Philip Caldwell, away."

chairman of Ford Motor, has said that Japan's trade surplus with the cause the U.S. auto market weak-

United States in automobiles alone could nearly double to as much as \$25 billion a year and warned that the U.S. industry time to rebuild,

ports to the United States end in normal demand in the United

ADVERTISEMENT

WHAT WILL YOUR MONEY YIELD IN 1982?

has not had the effect intended.

"Japanese cars now have 22 per-

cent of the U.S. market instead of

the 17 percent to 18 percent that was anticipated last spring," he said, and triged Japan to take this manticipated trend into account.

Any upturn in overall sales of

cars in the United States mevitably

would be followed by a downtum,

and itself could exacerbate the

forms of transportation equi-

irreversible due to the corre

sponding sizeable amounts of investments in infrastructures

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development in international

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We are deeply saddened to announce

the death of our dear friend, Founding Partner

and Advisory Director of our Firm

HENRY STURGIS MORGAN

on Sunday, February 7, 1982

around the world.

US\$2,800.

choice assures you of:

"If there is a return to a more

problem, he added.

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tubes built into European color television sets last year, and in addition they delivered 800,000 complete television sets. West Germany's traditionally open market has been a prime marketing target.

Aside from the plant being closed at Ulm, 10 factories turn out color picture tubes in Europe. Three are owned by Thomson-Brandt, six by Philips, the Dutch electrical company, and one by Standard Electrik Lorenz, a subsidiary of International Telephone & Telegraph. The capacity of all 10 factories is about 11 million units a year, roughly equal to the demand of the European television industry. Philips is planning to cut the number of its plants from six to two.

The unions asked the Wurttemberg-Baden government to absorb Videocolor's losses. But officials refused, fearing a precedent might be set. The union leaders recently accepted a \$12.6-million severance agreement with the company. This is intended to ease the blow of unemployment when the plant closes in

Thomson-Brandt, protected by French import restrictions, made a series of acquisitions in the late 1970s to exploit the weakness of West Germany's eninment electronics industry. The company hoped it could gain the economies of scale West German makers lacked by introducing automation and in-

creasing output at a number of plants.

In 1978, Thomson-Brandt paid \$20 million for Norddeutsche Mende Rundfunk, a foundering television concern, and two years later it acquired Saba, a manufacturer of television and hi-fi equipment, from General Telephone & Electronics Co.

Also in 1978, Thomson-Brandt and RCA Corp. stepped in with capital and technology to bail out the

the PAL color system, one of the three principal systems in use today. Under Telefunken, the plant suffered from management mistakes and the high cost of production in West Germany.

But disappointment ran deep at Thomson-Brandt when the French executives took a closer look at their West German acquisitions and realized the extent of the difficulties.

The idea was to assemble color television sets at the Mende plant in Bremen, using parts made by Saba. In doing this, the French shut down two unprofitable Mende factories within a year of the takeover, trim-ming the work force to 1,300 from 5,800. Not long after, hi-fi production at Saba's Friedrichshaven plant was shifted to a low-wage site in Singapore. The number of Saba jobs fell to 2,000 from 5,000. From 1978 to 1980, Thomson-Brandt invested

\$153.8 million in West Germany — more than it did in France — and suffered losses of \$58.1 million. With the arrival of Thomson-Brandt and RCA in

Ulm, the plant was converted from producing 26-inch tubes with Philips technology to 22-inch tubes, where

22.A 1.27

1**960** 1,460. 319.63 1.11

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1989 798.90 49.10 1.57 1988 3,086.

136.9 1.23 1986 10,350. 670.4 6.12

1989 448.2 29.86 0.49 1980 7,700. 123,34 2,04

Ulm plant, which AEG-Telefunken had built in 1967 to manufacture color tubes for its television sets using precision-in-line technology. Labor leaders at Ulm argued that part of last year's loss was due to the cost of refitting the plant for the 22-inch tubes.

But Thomson-Brandt concluded that its original plan to increase output at scattered plants would not provide the hoped-for savings. To try to stem its growing losses, the company is going to concentrate production efforts. Thomson-Brandt announced late last year that it would end color-tube production at three factories - two of them in France at Lyon and Genlis and the one at Ulm Instead, capacity at the large plant in Anagni, near Rome, is to expand from 1.5 million tubes a year to more than 3 million.

Pierre Garcin, the assistant manager of Thomson-Brandt's entertainment electronics division, said production at Ulm could continue if the EEC had agreed to limit imports of Japanese color tubes to two mil-

Thomson-Brandt, he said, must try to match the big-scale, automated production methods of such competitors as Hitachi in Japan. "Our only chance of survival now," Mr. Garcin said, "is to resist the Japa-

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DOLLAR (Con.) 17

PESETA (Spon.) 15,25% DOLLAR (U.S.) 15 STERLING (5) 15,75% FRANC (French) 18,259 MARK (Doubsch) 12.7

NO TAX Strath Building Society Lighthouse Development Europe Puler P.O. Box 363 - Gibratter Tel.: 72546, Yelex: 2297 STRABS GK

February, 1982

COMPANY REPORTS

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1st Quer.	1981	1780
Revenue	360.	303.5
Profits	11.9	8.1
Per Shore	0.0281	0.0177
Imperio	al Group	
Year	1981	1980
Revenue	4.530.	3,930.
Profits	56.57	93.90
Per Share	0.128	0.113
Lo	nrho	
Year	1981	1980
Revenue	2.460.	2,100.
Pretax Net	120.6	119.1
Per Share	0,146	0.194

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177.8 1,62 1961 11,690. 767.8 7.83

Reynolds (R.J.) Industries

Sterling Drug 1981 432.3 27.71 0.46 1981

OPEC Leader Seeking

Talks With Oil Firms

LONDON - OPEC President

Mana Said al-Oteiba is floating the idea of a meeting between OPEC and the major oil companies to discuss falling prices in the oil market, sources said Thursday.

They said that Sheiba al-Oteiba

They said that Sheikh al-Oteiba, who is oil minister of the United

who is oil minister of the United Arab Emirates, made soundings about it last week but that they understood nothing further had come of it yet. They added that at least some of the oil multinationals would be receptive to the idea. It would be the first such meeting

MILLIONAIRE

since 1973.

\$25 billion," he said. Mr. Caldwell estimated that the trade imbalance in cars alone ac-counted for \$13 billion of the total \$18 billion trade deficit the United States experienced with Japan last

Asked whether he thought Ford could reduce the cost of producing cars in the United States, he said his company had no intention of withdrawing from the U.S. market, but might have to "change our logistics to compete successfully," Neth. Antilles - apparently suggesting Ford may

Mr. Caldwell disclosed that Ford had purchased \$906 million

Saudis to Resume Italian Oil Talks

ROME - Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, Saudi Arabia's oil minister, has authorized the resumption of direct negotiations between the Sandi state oil corporation. Petromin, and Ente Nazionale Idrocarbuti, the Italian state concern said

Italian government, including a visit by Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo to Saudi Arabia, it said.

Japan Car Exports Continue to Worry Ford States and the present percentage of penetration were to be applied to that higher total, it is not difficult to see a massive adverse trade balance for the United States in

United States

Profits.....

automobiles alone in the range of

switch more of its procurement

worth of products from Toyo Ko-gyo, makers of Mazda autos, and predicted that purchases from the Japanese firm, in which Ford owns 25 percent of the stock, would top \$1 billion this year.

Petromin suspended a five-year contract with ENI in December, 1979, following Italian press reports of rumored irregularities in commission payments accompanying the deal. The contract with Petromin was never resumed, but Italy has continued to import up to one-third of its total oil requirement from Saudi Arabia through third parties.

Nichimen Co., Ltd.

(Nichimen Jitsugyo Kabushiki Kaisha)

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

U.S. \$15,000,000

534 % Convertible Bonds 1997

ISSUE PRICE 100%

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Financial Highlights 1981

BADISCHE KOMMUNALE LANDESBANK

SECURITIES	BALANCE SHEET TOTAL	21,83
DUE FROM NON-BANKS	DUE FROM BAHKS	7,34
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OUN BEARER BOHOS 11,	DAE 10 BUHKS	7,24
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	OAN BEARER BOHDS	11,70
	CAPITAL AND RESERVES	51

We are pleased to announce

MORGAN STÄNLEY INC.

DANIEL P. DAVISON Chairman and President of United States Trust Company

> as a member of our Board of Directors

the election of

DISCOUNT CORPORATION OF NEW YORK 58 Pine Street, New York, N.Y. 10005

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF ITO-YOKADO CO., LTD.

6% CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES DUE AUGUST 31, 1992 5%3 CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES DUE AUGUST 31, 1993

5% CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES DUE AUGUST 31, 1996 Pursuant to Section 3.05 of the Company's Indentures dated as of June 15, 1977, July 1, 1978 and July 1, 1981, respectively, relating to the above-mentioned Debentures, notice is hereby given as follows:

respectively, relating to the above-mentioned Debentures, notice is hereby given as follows:

1. On February 2. 1982 the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free distribution of shares of its Common Stock to shareholders of record as of February 28, 1982 in Japan, at the rate of 1 new share for each 10 shares held.

2. Accordingly, the conversion prices at which the above-mentioned Debentures may be converted into shares of Common Stock of the Company will be adjusted effective as of March 1, 1982, Japan time. The conversion prices in effect before such adjustment are Yen 1,078,40 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1992, Yen 1,098,80 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1992 and Yen 1,224 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1992, Yen 989,90 for the 5% Convertible Observation prices will be Yen 980,40 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1993 and Yen 1,112,70 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1993 and Yen 1,112,70 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due August 31, 1993 and Yen 1,112,70 for the 5% Convertible Debentures Due 1996.

ITO-YOKADOCO, LTD. By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company as Trustee

Dated: February 12, 1982

In 1981, Badische Kommunale Landesbank, Mannheim, one of Southwest Germany's leading banks, continued on a course of measured growth. The balance sheet total rose from DM 20.3 billion to DM 21.8 billion, an increase of 7.6%.

Lending activity accounted for a large part of BAKOLA's growth in 1981. Credit volume, excluding money market operations, advanced by DM1.4 billion to reach DM15.4 billion.

BAKOLA bonds were again the primary funding source, with a record DM 4.9 billion issued during the year. The volume of the Bank's own paper outstanding at year-end stood at some DM 12 billion.

The international business of the BAKOLA Group recorded satisfactory gains. Export financing and project financing grew substantially. Commercial banking activities, especially documentary business, expanded considerably over the previous year:

BAKOLA's wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries - Badische Kommunale Landesbank (Switzerland) Ltd., Forfaitierung und Finanz AG (FFZ), both in Zurich, and Badische Kommunale Landesbank International S. A. in Luxembourg made important contributions to the Group's progress in 1981. A representative office was opened in London.

Badische Kommunale Landesbank is a regional universal bank linked to Germany's powerful network of savings banks and performing centralized functions for Baden's Sparkassen.

For further information, just contact:

Badische Kommunale Landesbank - Girozentrale -Augustaanlage 33, D-6800 Mannheim 1 (West Germany) Telephone: (0621) 458467

BADISCHE KOMMUNALE LANDESBANK

Badische Kommunale Landesbank · D-6800 Mannheim 1 (West Germanv)

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Feb. 11 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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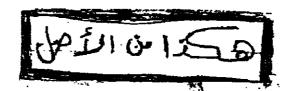
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Northern Trust Corporation and Subsidiaries including The Northern Trust Bank

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THE DIRECTORS
PHILIP W. K. SWEET JR. Chairman of the Board Northern Trust Corporation and The Northern Trust Company
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Chairman Santa Fe Industries, Inc. GILBERT H. SCRIBNER, JR. Cheirman Seribner & Co.

EDWARD BYRON SMITH

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WILLIAM D. SMITHBURG The Quaker Oats Company

E. NORMAN STAUB Retired Chairman of the Board Northern Trust Corporation and The Northern Trust Company

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Established 1889 • Member F.D.I.C.		
Consolidated Statement of Condition	Decem 1981	ber 31 1980
Assets	(In Tho	oeenge). ´ -
Cash and Due from Banks	\$ 601,571	\$ 799,058
Investment Securities		
U.S. Government	204,530	220,864
Federal Agency and Other	104,556	106,572
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	214,261	244,032
Total	523,347	571,468
Trading Account Securities	126,988	69,457
Money Market Assets		
Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased		
under Agreements to Resell.	132,136	228,050
Time Deposits with Banks—International	955,322	795,583
Other	83,399	<u>25,838</u>
Total	1,170,857	1,049,471
Loans-Domestic.,	2,614,133	2,260,319
—International	727,172	604,613
Total	3,341,305	2,864,982
Reserve for Loan Losses	(34,306)	(27,477)
Lease Financing	15,569	18,747
Buildings and Equipment.	92,161	89,064
Customers' Acceptance Liability	244,073	292,399
Other Assets	<u> 156,051</u>	121,413
Total	\$6,237,616	\$5,848,532
Liabilities Deposits	64 04F /FF	41 0FE 010
Demand	\$1,215,473	\$1,275,913 786,283
Savings and NOW Accounts	963,150 1,021,151	864,096
Other Time	1,114,609	1,236,781
Total Deposits	4,314,383	4,163,073
Federal Funds Purchased and Other Borrowings.	1,186,117	949,276
Notes Pavable	30,000	30,000
Accrued Taxes and Other Expenses	112.515	99,005
Dividend Declared.	3,291	2,928
Liability on Acceptances.	244,073	292,899
Other Liabilities.	28,988	18,086
Total Liabilities		5,554,767
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock—No Par Value		
1,000,000 shares suthorized but unissued in 1981 and 200,000 in 1980	AA	
Common Stock—\$10 Par Value	51,250	51,250
Shares suthorized		
Shares issued		
Shares outstanding 4,840,075 4,800,000		151 670
Capital Surplus	151,680	151,673
Retained Earnings	125,604	102,574
	(10,285)	(11,732)
Trensury Stock—et cost, 284,925 shares in 1981, and 325,000 shares in 1980		
Total Stockholders' Equity		293,765 \$5,848,532

Subsidiaries of Northern Trust Corporation

The Northern Trust Bank Main Office: 50 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60675 Bond Representative Office: New York International Branches: London, Hong Kong, Cayman Islands Edge Act Subsidiaries: The Northern Trust International

Banking Corporation, New York; Northern Trust

Security Trust Company, Miami, Florida Security Trust Company of Naples, Florida Security Trust Company of Palm Beach, Florida Security Trust Company of Sarasota N.A., Florida The Northern Trust Company of Arizona, Phoenix Nortrust Farm Management, Inc., Chicago Regional Offices: Oak Brook, Memphis and San Antonio

Interamerican Bank, Miami European Regional Headquarters, 38 Lombard Street, London EC3V 9BR England Phone: 623-1101 Telex—884641 NORTRUST LDN Eurocurrency Interest Rates

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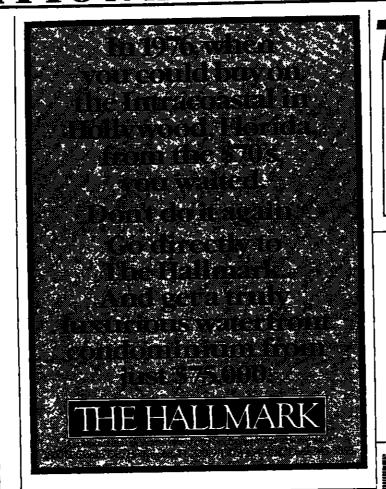
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Earlier this week the news feature agency Novosti said the Sovi-740.00 67.00 455.00 93.20 47.40 419.50 866.80 SAN FRANCISCO - Arthur Canadian Indexes laffer, an economic adviser to **Market Closed** et Union planned to have 100,000 President Reagan, said Thursday F4b. 11, 1982 robots operating by the mid-1980s. Novosti put the Soviet Union level that he thought the administration will propose some sort of gold or 294.04 294.04 1.480.10 271.50 125.80 175.00 175.00 138.50 293,34 1,477,10 viity-hacked monetary sys with the United States in robot All markets, banks and businesses technology, saying both had about 6,000 installed in 1980. tem before November in the hope Frankfurt were closed Thursday in Japan in observance of National Founding 280.00 865.00 42.60 450.80 134.80 117.80 192.00 283.00 134.10 44.00 261.00 London 452.00 132,79 117.30 192.50 267.20 134.60 48.00 291.50 261.00 6.50 11% 0.80% 0.69% 1.64 4.65 2.16 4.25 2.44 REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS **AUTOMOBILES** 495.88 154.00 MERCEDES MENC 200 280 SEL 50 SEL Left hand drive. Tel: 01 221 0531 / 0543. Telex. 299967. 113<u>.40</u> 235.00 GREAT BRITAIN (Continued from Page 15) BULLET_REPRESTANT VOUCLES BY SEBING LONDON, I HAVE SEB AS AUCH OF LIFE AS THE WORLL • CAN SHOW REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE U.S. COMMODITY PRICES EMPLOYMENT you intend to see if Samuel Johnson on right and are coming to our Capits or more than three months, we would be delighted to help you find the right POSITIONS WANTED New York Futures PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED Chicago Futures TTALY Dec 89.95 81.25 80.35 Jan 81.80 81.8 APARTMENT 130 SO.M., near belian Rivera, near Genea, to le スカカカカカカカ GEORGE KNEGHT & PARTNERS, **AUTO SHIPPING** Feb. 11, 1982 REPORTED, CONNECTICIT, To real for one year or less from March / April, Charming house, furnished on sques, 7 acres gorden & woodland, Drawing room with grand pione, Brary, dining room, longe each litchen, 34 bedrooms, 3 boths, 3-cor gerage, Vicinity country cluss, rating school etc. \$1500 month, Papily Box 15390, Herald Tribuns, 75521 Neally Cadex, Fronce. Or left. 212-735-6335, USA. Feb. 11, 1982 877 915 405 442 425 427 430 425 430 425 430 436 430 430 440 430 ++++-+ HYTEBECESS TEACHING POSITIONS AVAILABLE pa; dollars per hashe; 3.70 3.74% 3.69 3.69% 3.83% 3.83% 3.82% 3.82% 3.96% 3.97% 3.97% 3.92 4.11 4.12% 4.07 4.07 4.00% 4.00 4.03 4.20 4.05 4.08 4.43 4.43% 44 | 14 1,42 9,16 7,57 PARIS AREA FURNISHED NEATING OIL
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A D. KAY

THIS SHOULDN'T

TAKE LONG

AS I PULL OUT EACH VALENTINE AND READ

YOUR NAMES, PLEASE COME FORWARD QUICKLY.

CORA HAS HER

NERVE!

FORGET

WHAT?

SHOW ME A MAN WHO DOESN'T NEED AN

A LOT OF

PEOPLE DRINK

TO FORGET

EXTRA SHOULDER TO CRY ON

OKAY, EVERYBODY, IT'S

VALENTINE TIME!

E

S

IF I CAN GET MY HAND

OF HAVING A BAD SHE ACCUSED ME

OUT OF THE BOX ...

AND I'LL SHOW YOU QUASIMODO

WHAT'D SHE

WHATEVER IT

IS YOU'D LIKE

By David Holden and Richard Johns. 569 pp. \$19.95. Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 383 Madison Ave., New York 100

THE KINGDOM

By Robert Lacey, 631 pp. \$19.95. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 757 Third Ave., New York 10017

SAUDI ARABIA IN THE 1980s Foreign Policy, Security, and Oil By William B. Quandt. 190 pp. \$22.95; paperback, \$8.95.

DAVID Holden and Richard Johns present a detailed history of the ruling family of Arabia which they call "The House of Sand." David they call "The House of Sand." David Holden was, until his mysterious death in Cairo four years ago, the chief correspondent for the London Sunday Times and widely regarded as one of the best journalists operating in the Middle East. His unfinished task was taken up by Richard Johns task was taken up by Richard Johns of the London Financial Times who, while lacking Holden's long exposure to the Middle East, has made the more modern issues of oil and money his special concern. The division of tasks and styles shows in the book and leaves it, while full of fascinating detail, without a clear focus. Of the three, however, it is the one anyone visiting Saudi Arabia would find most useful; of the three it is perhaps the most pessimistic on the future of the

Lacey's book is more interestingly written. Less a history than "The House of Saud," it has some of the virtues of a small-town newspaper, full of gossip that makes its characters seem, if not exactly like the folks down the street, at least recognizably human. But more attractive is his ability to put into a paragraph or two the essence of fairly complex issues like the source of wealth of the Saudi royal princes, the change of oil prices, the issue of corruption in Saudi Arabia and the Palestine issue as the Arabs see it. Even better are his short and pithy portraits of Saudi Arabia's leaders. He achieves a surprising balance between sympathy and criticism.
While freely discussing the wild youth
of Faisal, for example, and showing some of his failures and mistakes, Lacey finds in him elements of greatness. His discussion of Sand, the black-sheep king, is especially humane and insightful in crediting the fallen king for his role in beginning educational and welfare programs while also documents his incompetence and umenting his incompetence and wastefulness. These portraits, "warts and all" are not in the Arab tradition, and Lacey mentions, almost casually. that his book is banned in Saudi Arabia "on the basis of eighty-two objections," but in it, the Saudis emerge more understandable and more like able than they have appeared before even in books they commissioned.

Saudi Policy

William Quandt, who served as a Middle Eastern specialist on the Na-tional Security Council during the Carter Administration, undertakes a very different sort of task. In effect, he tries to think through the issues facing Sandi Arabia today as though he were planning Sandi policy. He has written the sort of work many diplomats wish a Saudi had written; Saudi unwillingness or inability to articulate or analyze major issues in ways similar to those we employ, or try to employ, in foreign policy planning has been one of the most confusing aspects of the Arab-American dialogue. King Faisal, for example, often reduced world problems to the twin for him even identical — threats of Zionism and Communism. And Quandt, imagining himself a Riyadh perspective, shows how much more complex is the world which the Sandis face. Yet it is the Palestine issue with which Quandt (and the real Saudis) begin: "As long as the Palestinian issue festers, the Saudis fear, the sur-rounding Arab world will be threat-ened by instability, the Soviets will be a source of arms and diplomatic sup-port for some Arab regimes, and Sandi Arabia will be asked to use its oil to force the Americans to extract concessions from the Israelis." Religion is also involved deeply. The moral justification for the Saudi regime arises

known it to appreciate.

from. The desert is the source of ev-erything they hold dear — their relig-ion, their code of honor, their ancesion, their code of bonor, their ancestry, their black gold — and regularly the inhabitants of the kingdom flee the modern pyramids their riches are creating to the bleak void that they find so consoling." There, the Saudis like to say, their ancestors returned after having conquered half the known world in the 7th century, and to the desert they could again return if this great olly bubble of theirs explodes.

William R. Polk, author of "The United States and the Arab World

TN the diagramed deal West led the heart ace and continued the suit in response to a violent signal by East with the king. South ruffed the third round and had to consider what to do after cashing the A-K of spades. East

By Alon Truscott NORTH **♠**754 ♥1062 ♣AKQ43 EAST

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BRIDGE

comningly dropped the two of spades and then the ten, hoping to suggest that this suit would divide evenly.

that he could make the game against nearly all distributions if he now played chubs. East ruffed the second round, but could do nothing since a trump remained in dummy to deal with another heart lead. The only danger for South was that East had begun with five hearts and three trumps, in which case both defenders would

And, partly as a consequence of this, there is a discernible shift in the relationship with the Soviet Union. In what Quant calls "Operation Charm," beginning in January, 1979, the Russians began to make gestures toward the kingdom. By July, 1980, Sandi Foreign Minister Saud Faisal could state that if the Russians withdrew from Afghanistan, all inhibitions to good relations between the two countries would be removed. As the Soviet need for imported oil grows in the 1980s, this tendency to find a workable relationship will undoubtedly accelerate. Then, sophisticated Soviet use of the stick of pressure from

> Will Saudi Arabia survive? As I mentioned before, Johns is pessimistic. He ends his book with an observation by an earlier observer of the old Arabia on the ruins of the first Saudi capital outside Riyadh. The

"Wahhabism was in ruin. The capital, bigger, wealthier and richer in palaces than any town in Central Arabia had ever been before, was witness of a ruin that was greater, immeasurably greater, than that first ruin because this time the ruin was spiritual."

"But the kingdom is still in being,"

Quandt is less impressionistic be also less clear. Having noted all the predictable danger points, he says that "one should resist the temptation to try to predict how long the Saudi regime will remain in power. Suffice it to say that the regime will be obligated to change, to adapt, and to im-

Finally, Lacey gives what might be regarded as a Saudi answer: the world and its wealth are transitory. All comes from and returns to God. Andin daily experience, the desert even with its privation and poverty, offers a solace difficult for those who have not

The Brookings Institution, 1775 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W. Washington, D.C. 20036 Reviewed by William R. Polk from its origins in and commi the preservation of Islam, and failing in this area could cause the overtime

in this area could cause the overfifrow of the regime in the future if the senti-ments which caused the November, 1979, Mecca incident became better focuses. Rivalry with Egypt is also an ingredient as is genuine concern about Israeli occupation of Saudi territory and simulated attacks on a Saudi ar **New Dangers**

Saudi Arabia, riding on its wave of oil-generated riches, faces new realities. It can no longer take refuge in its poverty, but along with greater oppor-tunities must cope with new dangers. Its relationship with the United States is changing, must change. Its newly educated younger people will no longer allow it to do otherwise, and recognition of the U.S. special relationship with Israel, never understood by the Saudis, becomes the occasion for ever more heated and frequent disagreements. Quandt notes that already "Little remains of the confidence and goodwill that characterized the rela-tionship in some earlier periods."

the radical Arab regimes over the Palestine issue and the carrot of mas-

sive arms supply will be formidible in-

words, he says, rang true to him in

writes Johns.

This is where they have come

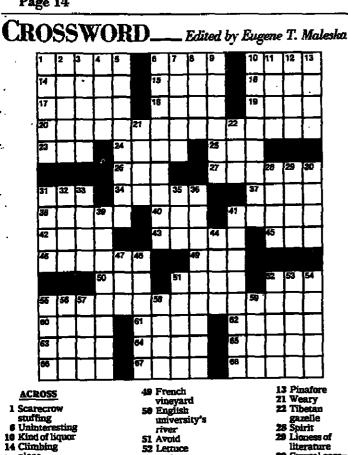
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If South had believed this, he would have cashed another trump winner and gone down to defeat. But he saw

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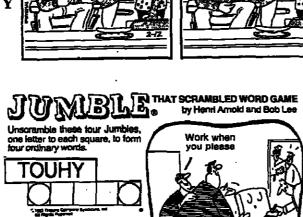
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FRUOM SITMIF A JOB FOR SOMEONE WHO'S WELL-PADDED. CACTEN Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: " Jumbles: AMUSE TITLE JINGLE BIGAMY Answer What a girl sometimes wears at the beach—A BAITING SUIT

Imprime par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris



"But, Mom.! It's too **COLD** to make a snowman outdoors!"

John Thomas clearing 7 feet 114 inches — then a record — at the National AAU championships in New York in February, 1959, not long after he became the first to break the indoor 7-foot mark.

Remember When John Thomas First Hit 7 Feet

By Dave Anderson New York Times Service

NEW YORK - At the time John Thomas kept his hernia a secret because he didn't want anybody to consider it as an excuse if he did not win the 1964 Olympic high jump in Tokyo.

"There was another reason, too," he said with a smile. "I didn't want to be sent home to Boston." -

John Thomas will be honored Friday night at the Millrose Games in New York for having provided the most thrilling moment in the meet's 75-year history with the first indoor 7-foot high jump in 1959 when he was a 17-year-old-Boston University freshman. But now he was talking about the secret he has kept for nearly 18 years. Some of his friends knew about the hernia, of course. So did the Olympic coaches and the medical staff. He had slipped on some wet grass while jogging when the U.S. track and field team was training in California before leaving for Tokyo.

Settling for Silver

"We just kept it low key," he said. "I got a truss made, but I kept jumping like nothing

The day of the Olympic high jump, Thomas and Valery Brumel of the Soviet Union tied at 7 feet 1% inches but Brumel was awarded the gold medal because of few-er misses on the way to that height. The

slender American had to be consoled with the silver medal.

"I remember when I was finished jumping, a Japanese man noticed me taking off my truss," he said. "But other than that, I don't think anybody was aware of it. And then I went to Australia to jump before coming home and having an operation that kept me out of competition for a year. Nobody seemed to connect the operation with the Olympics."

In those years, Thomas and Brumel were the world's most famous high jumpers.

"We still stay in touch," Thomas said.
"He's a playwright in Moscow now. He's also written a couple of books and he's done a film on his life. He still has a burn leg. He hurt his leg when he got caught under a motor scooter. He's not really disabled. He just walks like anybody with a burn leg."

John Thomas has a burn left foot. It was crushed in a dormitory elevator accident a few weeks after his Millrose moment.

"None of the bones were broken but everything else inside was torn up," he recalled. "I had jumped 7-112 the week before I got hurt and then I couldn't walk for 10 months. The same doctor who did my hernia operation, Dr. Chester Howe, reconstructed my foot. By the next year I was all right. The elevator had nothing to do with what happened at Rome." Of all the American athletes in the 1960

the surest bet for a gold medal. Then the holder of the world record at 7-3%, he had bettered 7 feet 37 times. But he finished third, behind Robert Shavlakadze of the Soviet Union and Valery Brumel.

Control of the Contro

"Everybody was trying to come up with an alibi for me," he said. "Some people wondered if I'd been bothered by the new shoes I was wearing, but the new shoes were fine. Some people wondered if I'd been sick, but I wasn't sick, I was just nervous like I always was. Some people wondered if I'd been drinking too much Coke, but nobody drank the water in Italy then and I hadn't been drinking any more Coke than I usually did, or any less. Losing didn't bother me but what did bother me was a lot of the people who were around me suddenly disap-

The Positive Side

What also bothers him now, more than two decades later, is that many people remember him more for not having won that gold medal in Rome than for all the records he set.

"Even to this day, people make comments about what happened in Rome," he said. "All they remember is that I was beaten by a Russian, but I think it bothered those people more than it bothered me. I always talk about the positive. Some people think not winning the gold medal in Rome is a sore

spot with me, but it isn't." John Thomas, the father of four children.

is a salesman for the New England Bell Telephone Co. now.
I was about 190 pounds when I was competing, 186 at the lowest, but I'm a sveite 235 now," he said. "Even so I can still jump a little. Some of the kids I coach were woofing the old master last summer so I did

6-6, that kept them quiet for a while." Gerd Wessig of East Germany holds the world record now at 7-834, set at the 1980 Moscow Olympics, but John Thomas believes that sooner or later somebody will

"It'll have to be somebody who's at least 6-4, maybe 6-6, somebody tall and really athletic," he said. "Somebody that tall, if they can jump just a foot over their head, that puts them at 7-4 or 7-6 right there. Look at Franklin Jacobs, he jumped 23 inches over his head, nearly two feet. I'm almost 6-6, if I could have jumped anywhere near that high over my head, I would have cleared 8 feet. That's the way you have to look at it — how high you can jump over your own head. But it won't be done by a tly-by-night guy. It'll have to be somebody who's really trained, who's really an ath-

When the John Thomas High Jump begins Friday at the Millrose Games, the competition will begin at around 7 feet. "Back when I was jumping they started at 6-4," he said with a laugh. "But that height is just for practice now."

Stenmark — Sweden's Silent Skier Who's Only the Best at What He Does

By Nick Stour New York Thnes Service

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SCHLADMING. Austria - Ingernar Stenmark gazed straight ahead, across the crowded interview room far beyond the person who was questioning him. Except for the freckles, his face could have been stone. His hands were folded and trem-

What did he see out there? Beyond all those people. Beyond the world slalom championship that he had just won for the third successive time. Beyond the various caps and trophies that were yet to come.
"I don't know," Stenmark said quietly. Full stop. Next question.

Shy in a Crowd

Stenmark is a ski racer, not a talker. He has always dreaded the public appearances that go with the sport and which have become especially difficult since he has become a star.

Almost 26, he is two and a half months older than Bjorn Borg, and there must be some Swedish empathy between them even if the two are, according to Sten-mark, little more than acquainted.

In Europe, at least, Stenmark has suffered the same public harassment that has drawn Borg into seclusion. Like Borg. Stenmark is recognized in public. He is forever being sought by journalists. He has had to cope with an explosion of publicity over a woman friend after spending the early part of his career conspicuously single, And, at the recent World Alpine Skiing Championships here, someone sent a

ieath threat. "It's difficult at times," Stemmark said. "But worth it."

Stenmark descended from the near-Arctic town of Tarnaby, a resort near the

the days short but it was always fun to zig-zag through the snow after school. Sten-mark became so good at it that by the time the Olympic door again for Stemmark behe was 15 there was little doubt in his mind that ski racing would dominate his life. Now in his eighth World Cup season, Stemmark has long since surpassed the milestones of his peers and predecessors.

His crystal globes are many, and if they do not depict the future they do ensure a

comfortable retirement, après-ski.

"You can say he is set for life," said

Bjorn Wagnsson, Stemmark's agent and lawyer who was with his client here for the world championships. Wagnsson said he has helped Stenmark negotiate 26 com-mercial contracts, many of which extend far beyond his days as an athlete. Wagnsson also represents several National Hock-ey League players. "I don't want to talk about money," he said. "But I can tell you this: Stenmark earns more than any of my hockey players."

Like Borg Stenmark lives in Monte Carlo, away from the mobs and away from the Swedish tax collectors. For, un like most World Cup ski racers, who are officially amateurs, Stemmark receives his money over the table rather than under it.

Anomalous Amateur

Normally, national ski associations receive funds from a pool of equipment suppliers and then reward individual skiers according to merit. But two years ago the Swedish Ski Federation consented to grant Stenmark a B license, which meant he could personally accept money from sponsors without losing his amateur status

for World Cup racing.

At the time, Stenmark accepted that he would be a professional under Olympic standards and therefore probably not eli-gible to compete in 1984. But the Interna-Norwegian border where Swedes go to fish—tional-Olympic Committee has since indiand hike and ski. The hills were low and cated that decisions on Olympic eligibility

cause the International Skiing Federation has sanctioned B licenses and has indicated that it would not block Stenmark's en-

Asked for his reaction to this turn of events, Stenmark said simply: "It doesn't What does matter, now that his finances

try into the Games.

skiing and winning.

Building a Reputation

piglio, Italy, Stenmark won his first World Cup race in a way that was to become his trademark. He finished the first leg of a slalom race in 23d place and then made up the lost time in the second leg to beat a local favorite, Paolo de Chiesa. In the vinters to come he would often find himself trailing after the morning half of a race, only to tear up the course in the af-ternoon and win. One time in Japan Stenmark fell on his back twice during the first leg of a giant slalom race but was still able to make up the lost seconds and win.

During that first World Cup winter Stemmark won four more times and came within five points of Gustavo Thoni for the overall championship. The following season Stenmark claimed the title for himself. He won again the next year. And the

Stenmark rarely lost a slalom or giant slalom race during this time. It was news when he did. If all this was exciting to the Alpine aficionados, it did not set well with the World Cup people, who were annoyed that their championship was always regarded as a foregone conclusion.

The situation prompted the reorganization of the scoring system that has deprived Stenmark of a World Cup cham-

not stopped winning races. The idea was to disregard the way in which skiing has become specialized in the past decade and to encourage a new Jean-Claude Killy, someone who was equally proficient in all events: slalom, giant slalom and downhill. To do this, the World Cup people reinstituted the combined, a paper race based on all three disciplines. And they made a victory on paper worth as much as a triumoh

championship went to Peter Luescher of Switzerland. His unfortunate nickname was Peter Loser, because he won only one

Stenmark tried to adapt himself to downhill, but when he suffered a concussion in a training accident he put the idea aside. He tried again later, this time making it down the treacherous course in Kitzbühel. He earned some combined points but was not proud of finishing ten seconds behind the winner. He never tried again, apparently content to be the best at what he did regardless of what the officials

lom race in Morzine, France, and thereby became the most successful racer in World Cup history. Even though he had long been the leader among the men, having topped Thom's record of 24 victories on Jan. 6, 1978, Stenmark needed that 63d victory to surpass Annemarie Moser-Proll Then he kept winning: Three more World Cup races, a gold medal in the world championships and, on Tuesday, another World Cup triumph.

had been wondering aloud whether he could win a "pressure race" after failing in the 1976 Olympics. He defended those ti-tles in the 1980 Games and now they were on the line again. Still uncertain about the 1984 Olympics, Stenmark knew the 1982 world championships might be his last big

Instead of coming straight to Schladming he holed himself up in Italy. He worked hard on mastering the relatively new "rapid gates," the flexible slalom poles that collapse flat against the snow when hit by a skier and then spring back up. They require a different technique, a straighter line down the course. Last month in Wengen, Switzerland, Sten-mark's lip was bleeding as he crossed the finish line because a pole had snapped back up in his face. It was the race in which his chief competitor, Phil Mahre, clinched the World Cup title for the second year in a row. It was Phil Mahre who worried Sten-

mark most as he entered the world cham-pionships. So when he lost the giant slaloss race not to Phil but to his twin brother, Steve, Stemmark regarded the silver medal as a personal humiliation. He left town quickly and started practicing again.

Four days later he accomplished his mission with a convincing slalom victory. Now, still wearing his heavy ski boots, he was facing the press, nervously doing his best to accommodate his inquisitors. His remarks - in Swedish and in German and in English — were usually short and to the point. Then, he said as an afterthought to no one in particular. "The only thing I'm sure of is that I won a gold medal today." Beyond that, nothing seemed to matter.



Ingemar Stemmark shows off the gold medal he won in slalom Sunday at the World Alpine Skiing Championships in Austria.

23 Yankees Show Up for Early Spring Camp

New York Times Service complained. The early camp was prompted by the Yankees' loss to their host looking on, 23 Yankees weated Wednesday through the complained. The early camp was prompted by the Yankees' loss to Los Angeles in the World Series infield.

"It really doesn't bother me," their host looking on, 23 Yankees sweated Wednesday through the first day of the early spring party to which they had been invited.

George Steinbrenner, the principal owner, had extended the invitations for an early camp despite a baseball rule that limits them. But none of the players who accepted

NHL Standings WALES CONFERENCE

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27 20 9 63 259 228

16 24 14 46 185 226

CAMPBELL CONFERENCE

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the (26); Gottos (3), Ferguson (14), (11), Larouch Maione (11)). Vancouver Vancouver 4, Toranto 1 (Gradin (25), Preser (22), Betlond, Smyl (23); Anderson (28)).

N.Y. Romers J. St. Louis 3 (Laienann (4), Beck (6), Duguoy (29); Duniop (19), Cromben (15), Curte (18).

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Denver 73, Rockmont 23.

year," said Dave Collins, Steinbrenner's latest free-agent acquisition, "or we'll be back in camp in gives you some extra time to get

Would all half-milers," Ron Guidry announced, alluding to the

appearance created by everyone in sweatsuits, "report on the outside of the stadium?" Guidry, working under a new four-year contract, had been ex-pected to report a day late, but he

was here with the rest of the group, 15 other pitchers, three catchers and four infielders: Collins, Bucky Dent, Tucker Ashford and Andre Four other invited guests, Tommy John, Rick Reuschel, Bill Castro and Ben Callahan, were not present. John and Reuschel are en-

gaged in contract disputes with the front office; Castro and Callahan are expected after attending to personal matters. Dent, the shortstop who pro-nounced his right hand fit after surgery last September, said he was here because "they asked me to come here."

"I don't have any bad objections," he said. "The only thing is, being an every-day player, I don't want to hurt myself with eight weeks of camp. I'm not going to overwork myself. I'll do what I have to do to get ready for the

Under the rules of the collective bargaining agreement between the owners and players, March 1 is the official reporting date for spring training, although pitchers and catchers can be invited to report "at an carlier date."

Request, Not Command Steinbrenner sent his players a letter last December asking pitchers and catchers to report on Peb. 9 and the rest on Feb. 16. Some players viewed the letter as intimi-dating, but last week a second let-ter was sent, and it stressed that the first had constituted only a re-tressed that

e mst nad consumed only a re-uest and not a command. Kinses Collins said he had been asked Dollas quest and not a command. to report with the pitchers and the Sentile to report want use parameters than the Feb.

16 date for infielders and outfield

Golden State

Golden State ers, so that he could work out at first base, a position he has not som Diego played since 1979, when he was

there for 10 games. After last seaFinnish Skier Suspended

The Associated Press

HELSINKI — The Franish Ski
Federation has disqualified Pertit
Teurajaervi from the Nordic Skiing Championships in Oslo next
week and banned him for a year
because a prohibited drug was
found in his urine at a recent meet:

Washinaton 139, Dulles 192 (Ruland 27, Beillard 25, Valcent 28, Cooper 14).

Philadelphia 182, Indiana 96 (Erving 22, Mix 21), Portion 185, Cleveland 91 (Rulling 24).

Portional 185, Cleveland 91 (Rulling 24), Alix 27; Knisht 19, Device 120), Portional 185, Cleveland 91 (Rulling 24), Alix 27; Knisht 19, Device 120), Portional 185, Cleveland 91 (Rulling 24), Alix 28; Cleveland 91 (Rulling 24)

ost October.
"It really doesn't bother me,"
"Hopefully, we'll win it this said Collins, putting on his sweatear," said Dave Collins, Steinbr-Collins was joking, of course.
Steinbrenner, when told of the remark, also laughed.
"Would all laughed."

Steinbrenner, when told of the remark, also laughed.

Would all laughed.

found their arms and legs covered with blue fuzz from the sweatsuit after running. But he had no complaint about the fuzz or the work-

No Need to Rush

"He pays the paycheck; I'll do anything he wants," Gossage said of Steinbrenner. "I kind of like coming down here early. That way I don't have to rush into things. I have a history of rushing into things, and I've gotten hurt. I was looking forward to this. I love Colorado, but it's so cold there, why not come here? Anyway, I've al-ways gone along with things George wants to do. Sometimes you think he's crazy, but that's better than having an owner who doesn't care. I've had that, too." Rndy May, whom the Yankees tried to trade to Kansas City in the

offseason, said he was here because "I was told to come now." "If you knew you didn't have to be here until March 1," May said, "but you were being paid well and your boss is like George, would

NBA Standings

Wadnesday's Results
Washington 1)9, Dalies 102 (Ruland 27, Bellard

are in shape, is the continued challenge of on snow.

So in the winter of 1978-79 the overall On Dec. 17, 1974, in Madonna di Camrace on snow all season.

thought. Last Jan. 9, Stenmark won a giant sla

The world championships were special. Having gained some retaliation by publicly stating his lack of interest in the World Cup title, Stenmark was eager for championship medals to the point of obsession. In 1978 he swept the gold medals in sla-

McEnroe Curbs Moretton's Power in U.S. Indoor Tennis



Ozzie Smith

Cards Complete Templeton-Smith Deal With Padres

United Press International ST. LOUIS - The St. Louis Cardinals officially traded Garry Tem-pleton to the San Diego Pacres on Thursday for shortstop Ozzie Smith. The deal came after a meeting between Smith, his agent and Cardinals' officials and ended two months of back-and-forth discussions between the two sides.

The trade had first been pro-

posed during baseball's winter meetings in December, but Smith had invoked a no-trade provision posed during baseball's winter meetings in December, but Smith had invoked a no-trade provision in his contract to block the deal.

Smith, who had played for the Padres for the last four years, said that he finally decided to waive the no-trade clanse as part of an agreement worked out between his agent, Ed Gottlieb, and Lou Susman, attorney for Cardinals President August A. Busch, Jr.

The agreement will allow Smith to file for special arbitration, seeking a one-year, \$750,000 contract while the Cardinals will offer him a \$450,000 salary.

Furfield, Connecticut

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Transactions

American League
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CHICAGO WHITE SOX—Signed Dennis Lame, pitcher, to a one-year contract.

National Lague

CHICAGO CUBS—Signed Larry Bovo, shortsine; Leen Durhern and Scot Thompson, outfielders; and Lee Emith and Paul Sernail, pitchers. NEW YORK METS-Traded Alex Trevin

BAŞKETBALL National Basketball Association
MILWAUKEE BUCKS—Waived Mike Evans. guard.
SEATTLE SUPERSONICS—Activated
Armond Hill, superd.
FOOTBALL
Reticoel PootBall Leasure
PITTSBURGH STEELERS—Armounced the
retirement of Joe Greene, defensive fackle.

MEMPHIS — John McEnroe beat Gilles Moretton of France on Wednesday in the second round of the U.S. National Indoor Championships, 6-3, 7-6. The favorite at the \$225,000

tournament, McEnroe dropped his serve with a 6-5 lead in the second set, but he took an easy 7-1 tiebreaker.

Moretton, who was playing McEnroe for the first time, joited him with his vigorous forehand. "I knew he had a big serve, but I didn't know his forehand was so good," McEnroe said. "Actually, I thought he would hit his serve harder, but he went for the slice a

Gene Mayer, the defending champion, eliminated Phil Dent, 6-7, 6-2, 6-3, avenging the Australian's mastery over him in Denver last week. "He [Dent] is able to take me out of my rhythm," Mayer said. "He's one of the few players who can do that."

Vitas Gerulains easily took the first set against Matt McDonald, 6-3, but struggled to win, 7-5, in the second on his way to the third

Three seeded players were felled in second-round matches. Kevin Curren of South Africa beat fifth-

son upset sixteenth-seeded Andres Gomez of Ecuador, 7-6, 6-4. Hank Pfister beat Bill Scanlon, 6-3, 5-7, 7-5; Tim Mayotte defeated Sammy Giammalva, 2-6, 6-2, 6-4, and John Alexander beat Jim Brown, 6-3, 6-3.

Denmark Event in Jeopardy Denmark Event in Jeopardy
NEW YORK (AP) — The
Men's International Professional
We can't let the players in, we can't permit that.
If they don't let the players in, we can't let them have the tourna-Tennis Council has threatened to cancel a Grand Prix tournament scheduled for Copenhagen next month unless qualified South Afri-

cans are allowed to compete.

ted to tournaments without dis-crimination, Marshall Happer, the council's administrator, said Wednesday. "If a guy who gets into a tournament draw through the system of merit is subsequently removed from that event without a

The Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs had told the Danish Tennis Association that no South African players would be admitted to the seeded Sandy Mayer, Gene's brother, 6-4, 7-5. Ferdi Taygen overcame Mel Purcell, the No. 12 seed, 6-3, 3-6, 6-2, and Bruce Man-taken in the Grand Prix. "Our official policy of apartheid.

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Terrorism? Not for Me

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — It has always seemed odd to me that after a group of terrorists commits a vile and odious deed they rush messages to the public to claim credit for it. Sometimes, competitive terrorists who had nothing to do with the hellishness call up editors or broadcasters and claim credit for it

This is one of the main reasons I haven't taken up the terrorism profession despite the glamour attaching to it these days. My natural instinct after doing something shameful is not to rush into



the street boasting about it but to put on dark glasses and head for the next county, hoping nobody notices I've been in the neighbor-

Say the cashier at Mannheimer's Delicatessen gives me a dollar too much in change and I keep it instead of handing it back. Do I rush home and phone the networks so they can tell the world I am a chiseler?

Of course not, and neither does anybody else, except terrorists. You and I might happily clutch the dishonorable dollar as a windfall in an inflation-ravaged world, but if Mrs. Mannheimer dropped by while we were gloating a called us deadbeats and demanded ber dollar back, we'd feel thoroughly ashamed, wouldn't we?

I know I would. A terrorist, on the other hand, wouldn't feel ashamed. He would seize Mrs. Mannheimer and squirrel her away, then phone the papers to claim credit for being a kidnapper.

Now, you have to find a place to hide her. You can't keep her in chains at home without having your wife raise an eyebrow, so immediately you have to think about paying a second rent. Better to return Mrs. Mannheimer's dollar, slip her a sawbuck for a promise to keep quiet and send her back to the deli.

But say you're a real terrorist, maybe a leader in the dreaded Lox Escadrille, which is waging terrorist warfare against the injustice of

delicatessen prices. Imagine having to sit there day after day with Mrs. Mannheimer to make sure she doesn't boit.

Sooner or later, she'd have to be tried by a people's court and convicted of committing outrageous markups on pastrami or cole slaw. As a member of a people's court, naturally I'd be an idealist and so would have to listen fairly

to Mrs. Mannheimer's defense. She would probably concede that the salami is outrageously overpriced, but defend the markup on the grounds that she has to squeeze the salami buyer a trifle to cover the losses she incurs on slowselling pickled pigs' feet.

Just imagining her argument is enough to make me vote "not guilty," and of course you can't vote anybody not guilty if you're a

terrorist.
Even if I did like to boast about doing vile deeds and would rather watch kidnapped prisoners than Johnny Carson, I'd be incom-petent for the work.

I don't think you can succeed in terrorism without a superhuman quantity of principle. You have to believe in your own principles so strongly that you have no strength left to care about anybody else's principles.

The guiding principles differ from group to group. The Ulster Irish proudly commit terrible crimes upon each other for the principle of political justice. Middle Easterners can casually murder children in the cause of international justice. Western European terrorists kill more or less at random out of faith that the human race can be perfected and man led to a state of happiness by having

his neighbor hurried to the grave. To succeed at terrorism you have to come equipped with principles so noble that you're willing to phone the papers and boast about how odiously you've be-haved to uphold them. In the past, distasteful conduct in service to lofty principle has been the exclusive right of nations. With the spreading popularity of high-minded terrorism, however, it threatens to become the individual's romantic equivalent of war.

Nations having failed to perfect humanity despite considerable carnage, terrorists have now decided to step in and do the job right. Too bad, Mrs. Mannheimer. New York Times Service

Costa-Gavras' Controversial Chile Film

By Flora Lewis New York Times Service

PARIS - Fact: A young American free-lance writer named Charles Horman was killed during the 1973 coup that brought the Pinochet regime to power in Chile.

Fact: His father, a New York industrial designer, was told that his son was missing and went to Chile to search for him. Edmund C. Horman, the father, gradually became convinced that the U.S. Embassy in Santiago not only knew about the murder from the start but was intent on concealing it because it shared responsi-bility. He later sued 11 high United States officials for \$4 million, but after a year and a half the case was dropped.

Fact: A lawyer named Thomas Hauser was drawn into the Horman's family crusade and wrote a book. "The Execution of Charles Horman: An American Sacri-

fice," published in 1979. Fact: Costa-Gavras, the Parisbased Greek director who has made powerful political films about cases in Greece, Czecho-slovakia and Uruguay, accepted an offer from Universal to make a movie from the Hauser book.
"Missing" stars Jack Lemmon
and Sissy Spacek, and opens in
New York today. It is well made and cinematically convincing.

Fiction: "This film is based on a true story. The incidents and facts are documented. Some of the names have been changed to

protect the innocent and also to protect the film." This message is shown at the start of the film. In many cases

real names are used, real events are evoked, real encounters portrayed. These devices and the director's art are combined to persuade the audience that the whole story and its charge that the United States helped plan the coup in Chile and sanctioned the murder of Charles Horman are literally true. But it is not a documentary.

and in the course of a recent interview Mr. Costa-Gavras did not pretend that it is. "Don't ask a film director to be a political technician," he said after a showing in Paris. "Either you give two points of view, or you say, 'Here's what I think I draw my own conclusion."

One Point of View

That is the problem. The film gives only one point of view, es-sentially Ed Horman's, but its claim to present historical truth puts it into a different category from other political thrillers.

Mr. Costa-Gavras — who was

interviewed before the U.S. State Department issued a statement taking issue with the film's ver-sion of the events — said he col-laborated closely with Hauser and spent a good deal of time with the Horman family. But he made no effort to speak with the government officials his film portrays, nor to consult the records, particularly of the Senate Intelligence Committee headed by Sen. Frank Church, which made extensive investigations and issued a report on "Covert Action in Chile: 1963-1973."

[The State Department says it made "intensive and comprehen-sive efforts to locate Charles Horman . . . to assist his relatives in their efforts to locate him and also to learn the circumstances of his disappearance and death. These efforts continued for eight years, and . . . included an internal investigation of the possibility that U.S. government officials might have initiated, condoned or failed to act effectively in Horman's disappear-

ance and death."]
The role of the United States in Chile remains an extremely controversial, emotional subject. When Salvador Allende's regime was overturned by Gen. Augusto Pinochet, many people felt it showed the United States would go at any length to prevent the survival of another leftist govern-ment besides Cuba in the Western Hemisphere.

Newspaper reports, especially those of Seymour M. Hersh in The New York Times, and records of the Church committee showed that the United States had indeed been involved in Chilean politics. The most damaging evidence related to CIA activity attempting to prevent Allende's election in 1970.

Nonetheless, Allende was elected. After that, according to the Church committee and statements by Nathaniel Davis, ambassador in Santiago from 1971 until shortly after the 1973 coup. the United States channeled funds to political parties and news media in Chile but stayed away from violent rightists and military plots. Davis wrote in the Foreign Service Journal in 1978 - and the record confirms that he successfully opposed CIA suggestions to support strikes and demonstrations to under-

mine Allende. However, Richard Helms and Hal Hendrix, an ITT official, were convicted of perjury for their testimony before a 1973 Senate committee on what happened in 1970. And there was the extraordinary 1970 order by President Richard M. Nixon to Helms not to inform Edward M. Korry, then ambassador to Santiago, and two top Cabinet members of the plot.

Davis' personality, and the

meticulous care separating his firsthand knowledge from hearsay when he finally wrote in his own defense in 1978, make him believable. He said recently that he was convinced that he had not been treated like Korry and that activity he opposed was not conducted behind his back.

No Evidence

Hersh, who made many investigations in reporting on the events in Chile, said he investigated Horman's disappearance and found no evidence of involvement by the United States in Horman's fate or in the actual Pinochet coup. The Hauser book and the film

suggest that U.S. officials in Chile knew about Horman's murder and perhaps even insti-gated it because "he knew too much" about U.S. involvement in arranging the coup.

The drama is built on the evolution of Ed Horman's convic-

tions. He arrives in Santiago to look for his son and seeks the help of the embassy, accusing his distraught daughter-in-law of holding willfully unfounded suspicions about the officials.
Played by Lemmon, the father is shown as a confident, patriotic American who disapproves of what he considers a feckless

younger generation. He is

hocked by the slaughter in Santiago, but at first he feels unin-volved and only wants to find his Step by step, he comes to share his daughter-in-law's views. When he learns that his son was killed well before he launched his search, he concludes that the em-

had arranged.
"They [the Chileans] wouldn't
dare [execute a U.S. chizen] unless an American official co-signed a kill order," he tells the ambassador at the end.

bassy was covering up a crime it

Presentation of Denials

The ambassador replies: "We're not involved. Our posi-tion has been completely neutral. There are over 3,000 U.S. firms doing business down here and these are American interests. You can't have it both ways. I'm concerned about a way of life."

Davis not only denied the specifics, but said, "There wasn't remotely anything like 3,000 U.S. firms." The film does have him saying, as he says now, that the

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Director Costa-Gayras

embassy was seriously trying to find Charles Horman and didn't know he was dead. But all the embassy people's denials in the film are presented in a way to make a viewer share Ed Horman's belief that they were lying.

coup. A film reflects your per-sonality, your own philosophy. You manipulate the elements

tude, proof and suspicion. "A film is not a court," he said. Far from being bothered that

derstand the ambassador and his sides, to portray them as people who were just doing their jobs. He feels he treated them with rel-ative sympathy, though he concedes he used "poetic license," "condensation," and "synthesizing" of Hauser's book

bility in his approach. "I'm trying to go more to the truth, to reality, to understand what hap-pens. So long as a film or novel nvents a story, it's easy because it challenges no interest, puts a finger directly on no problem."

There seems, in the end, to be the ultimate of the television age in Costa-Gavras' outlook. News is a show. Performance is the event. The line between fact and fancy is the line of passion. The image is the reality. The definition of truth has always been difficult, but Costa-Gavras does not concede the distortion of art. In that way, he winds up distorting fact without even noticing.

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PEOPLE: Bulletproof Jeep Is Given to Pontiff Pope John Paul II, wounded in an assassination attempt last year has been given a white Mercedes jeep fitted with a clear bulletproof top for use in St. Peter's Square The vehicle, used by the pontifi

Costa-Gavras believes they were lying. "I would be aston-ished if they hadn't found out," he said. "Everything suggests the U.S. participated in the Chilean

and try to translate as honestly as possible. I don't say objectively, that doesn't exist. I'm not trying to stain Ambassador Davis or make him say what he didn't."

He brushes aside the distinct tion between fact and verisimili-

his film's charges are not proven, he says he made an effort to un-

for dramatic purpose.
He does not see any irresponsi-

during his four-day visit to West Germany in 1980, was presented

near Perris Airport east of Los Angeles. The fall left her with compressed vertebrae. "It's challeng-ing," she said of the sport, "but I've had my thrill." On her 54th jump, with parachutes she had packed herself. Boyer's rip could stuck. She pulled the cord for the reserve chute, but it opened only slightly, and by then she was 200 feet from the ground. Late last month a U.S. Army parachutiat, Terry Bennett, survived an 8,000-foot fall when her chute failed to

as a gift by the West German auto-

maker. The pope leaves today on a weeklong tour of Nigeria, Gabori, Benin and Equatorial Guinea.

* * *

She's through with skydiving but

still thinks it's a great sport, 20-year-old waitress Lisa Boyer said after falling 12,500 feet (3,792 ms-

ters) from an airplane when her parachutes malfunctioned lass

week. She landed in a sludge pit

The French sculptor Jean Debutfet has been named recipient of The American Institute of Architects' 1982 medal for artists and craftsmen whose work relates to architecture. The award will be presented in Honolulu during the institute's convention in June.

President Reagan swore in Vivina Vahiberg, a reporter for 11 years in the Washington bureau of the Daily Oklahoman, as the first woman president of the National Press Club. Reagan twitted supporters of the Equal Rights Amendment, which he opposes. He said that with its first woman president, the press club "begins a new era. That's era. Not E-R-A." In administering the oath before a laughing crowd, Reagan asked, "Do you Vivian, promise to love, honor and obey the constitution of the National Press Club, to cherish it always, in sickness and in health. through deficits and remodeling. till politics do you part? Do you promise to uphold the sacred traditions of the card room, the billiard room and the tap room?" She did

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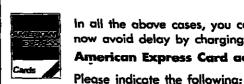
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